

ELEVENTH
YEAR

No. 23

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

WHOLE
NO.

531

IN CLUBS OF FIVE, 10 WEEKS,
10 CENTS EACH, TO NEW NAMES.

A JOURNAL OF THE COMING CIVILIZATION

FOR SUBSCRIPTION PRICE
SEE THE FOURTH PAGE

SOME EDITORIAL OBSERVATIONS.

By Frederic Heath.

Taft must have made a great hit in Nebraska. He talked tariff! Bryan will accuse the mighty Theodore of being a "muck raker" first we know!

The Wisconsin University's enrollment this year will break the record. This is one of the victories of peace.

There are said to be 638 Socialist papers and magazines throughout the world, of which seventy-seven are dailies.

Vice-Presidential Candidate Sherman of the Ice trust, says Cannon is a great statesman. Which shows what the Republican idea of statesmanship has degenerated to.

Heavyweight Taft and "Short-weight" Jim, a sort of evening-out combination. Taft must find the tail to his kite embarrassing when denying trust affiliation.

The rent, the coal bill, the grocer's bill, the butcher's bill and all the others—say, how long are you going to keep on voting for capitalism and for others' as well as your own damnation?

At the Taft Milwaukee meeting last week, 2,000 cards were distributed bearing this inscription: "What have Taft and the Republicans done for the workingmen? GOD KNOWS! Ask the Social-Democrats. They know, too!"

Many an harassed parent these days wishes with all his soul that the Socialists were in power and that free school books had been inaugurated. But the school book trusts are running things at present.

Shall we love our enemies? Then we should love those people who have in the past been regularly voting this country into the hands of the coal and other trusts by casting capitalist party ballots.

Isn't you proud that you live in a country so "free" that all the sources of life are monopolized by capitalism and the people ground almost to the breaking point in their effort to live decently on their earnings?

People seem a little undecided as to whether Wall street intends to vote for Taft or Bryan. The fact that they will not be surprised at it either way shows what they really think of the two old parties, doesn't it?

ROTTEN RIPE.

The old parties are rotten ripe—for the penitentiaries! The Independence party, although weak in numbers, is strong in documentary evidence of Republican and Democratic rottenness. While the Hearst exposure has already driven Foraker into retirement for the campaign, the Democrats are catching it, too, for the Independence leaders come from that party and know how to give their old pals away. Here is the way their vice-presidential candidate waded into Bryan the other night:

"This is the man who stood with outstretched hands before those intrigues and political tricksters of Tammany Hall, those rascals that control New York and reap the profits of its sorrows and its revolting crimes, and told them that he had nominated himself for president and that Tammany could name the vice-president. Even Tammany hesitated and then refused. Then he turned the honor of naming the vice-presidential candidate to Tom Taggart, the petty boss, the French Lick Springs gambler."

The bothersome thing about all this to the chameleon-like Bryan is that it is "straight goods." There have been some pretty juicy things given away in this campaign, but, oh! if one tenth of the real rottenness of the old parties could come out! No scold of Teddy's about muck-raking could save either of the big robber aggregations from the wrath of the people this coming November.

Wisconsin Literature Fund.
Previously reported.....\$251.96
E. J. Berner.....50
A. Heumann.....50
Mrs. Madge Waters.....40
Thomas P. Turner.....2.00

\$255.36
Comrades, if you can spare 25 cents or any larger amount, you cannot find a better place for it than this fund, which is used to send the HERALD to those whose names are given us as favorably inclined to the cause. We could use about \$60 at once, as we have the names and it would give our cause and vote a good lift.
G. H. Thomas, State Sec.,
344 Sixth Street.

How cheering it is to reflect, in these distressing hard times, that this country produces everything needed by humanity in abundance!

No one will accuse Roosevelt of bringing added dignity to the position of president of these United States. The spectacle of a president carrying on a campaign jawing match with a presidential aspirant is rather unusual, it would seem.

The exposures of Bryan's treasurer, Haskell, showed where the Democrats hoped to get their campaign funds. And the fact that Taft's treasurer, Sheldon, is a director in twenty-one big corporations, shows where the Republicans expect to get theirs!

Everybody's Magazine for October, containing the Steffens interview with Debs, has been going like hot cakes. The supply is fast being exhausted, reports from some cities are to the effect that more cannot be had for love or money. If you want a copy you better purchase while there is yet time.

"Good old lake Michigan, the resort par excellence of the rich and poor alike," sings the campaign-fed associate editor of the *Chicago Union Labor Advocate*. Yes, the resort for rich and poor alike—the rich skim over the swashing waves of the lake in their yachts and the poor jump into the lake to end their intolerable poverty!

One hundred thousand dollars dropped into the Democratic campaign fund in a mysterious manner last week at the Hoffman house, New York. Wise ones said it came from Wall street. It goes to the fund to help swing the state. Didn't Bryan and Taft say something about telling where campaign money came from!

The trusts have no deep political convictions. They are for any party that will serve their interests. Some of the trusts would prefer to see Taft elected, some Bryan, as the following trust item shows:
Granite City, Ill., Sept. 21.—The 1,200 employees of the American Steel Foundries company at Granite City found in their last pay envelope a circular letter, which by implication lays the blame for the recent financial troubles upon the Republican national administration.

Mr. Roosevelt points to the trust-busting achievements of his administration and expresses a doubt of Mr. Bryan's ability to do as well. While Roosevelt hasn't broken up any trusts or lessened their grips upon the people's throats, there is no question but that he has been making the attempt. And judging by the crowd of crooks and grafters behind Bryan, it is an easy guess that he would not be able to do even as much.

At the national conference of the Social-Democratic party in Germany two weeks ago officers' reports showed that the dues-paying membership had increased during the year from 530,466 to 587,336, a gain of 56,870. The party income amounted to \$204,000. The expenses \$195,000. The number of women members of the party rose from 10,943 last year to 29,458 this year. That explains why the German Social-Democrats are scoring victory after victory at the polls.

Did you ever see such apathy on the part of the old party voters? We do not remember a presidential campaign in which the people were so listless. What does it mean? Where are the old-time excitable who glared and jesticulated at each other on street corners, and who had capitalist party statistical dope at their tongues' ends and who regularly floored each other with tariff figures and congressional speeches made by successful politicians? This far in this campaign none of that old heat has been kindled. People smile at each other the same as always. Does it mean that they are about through with their old heroes?

It almost looks like it.

"LAW HONESTY!"

We would call attention to this interesting bit in Roosevelt's second reply to Bryan:

"You speak highly of the public service which he (Haskell) has rendered, and protest against any condemnation of him except such as may come in a court. Out of your own mouth you are condemned. You hereby set up that standard of 'law honesty' which has been the bane of this people in endeavoring to get equity and facts, which they should obtain among high-minded men from great business corporations and from individuals like Mr. Haskell."

The American Bankers' association, of which Frank Bigelow, now doing time in a government penitentiary, was formerly president, has declared against government postal savings banks on the ground that it is Socialistic. It undoubtedly is.

We take the following from an article on "Conditions of the Brotherhood in the South," by Second Vice Grand Master Timothy Shea in the September issue of the *Locomotive Firemen and Engineers' Magazine*:

"Extensive Spy System.
"The conditions existing on this railroad are of the most peculiar nature. We were informed that nearly every other employee in the service of the Louisville & Nashville

MADAM, HOW WILL YOU FEED YOUR FAMILY THIS WINTER?

THIS is for you, lady. It interests your husband, and your grown-up son, of course, but it interests you even more.

Because you are the mother of your children.
And because you have to feed your family.

You have probably had a very hard year.

Maybe your husband is a workman. If so, he was probably out of work all the time, half of the time, or worked only a part of the time.

Or your husband may be a small business man who is selling to the working people, and depends on the working people, and his business had to suffer from these conditions.

How do you manage to make ends meet with the money you get? Did you ever think about it? Of course you did. You could not help thinking. Especially at the end of the week.

I am not going to trouble you much with figures. I will give you only a few government statistics.

According to statistics, bread stuffs, which were, to use an average figure, 52 cents on July 1, 1896, cost 99 cents on Sept. 1, 1907 and 99½ cents on Sept. 1, 1908.

The chances are that these prices will hold their own this winter, or even go up still higher.

Now what will you do this winter with your family?

It is true that because of the panic, prices have fallen in lines of merchandise of which the average person buys little. But they have not fallen in lines of which every person buys much.

For instance, at present prices, iron is 25 per cent lower than last year. Tin is 10 per cent lower and copper 25 per cent lower.

But these metals do not figure very largely in your monthly household bill.

Food does.
It was found by statistics that more than half of the total income of a workingman's family is spent for food.

And that is natural enough. Before all things, one must eat.

The rent may be "stood off." Clothing may be patched. The family may be cold.

But the children must eat, and so must the grown people.

Now the price of food has not decreased during the panic.

Flour has gone up. And it went up again last month. And every household needs flour.

Debs Goes From Ovation to Ovation!

Tremendous crowds are greeting the Red Special on its eastern trip. The train left Chicago last Friday, stopping in Kankakee and Lafayette, and arriving at Indianapolis late in the afternoon. Stops at Kokoma, Logansport and South Bend followed on Saturday, and after a number of stops Sunday Detroit was reached, where a rouser meeting was held. Toledo was reached for an evening meeting Monday, where Debs was greeted by the mayor, Brand Whitlock, and Tuesday evening found the train at Cleveland, after numerous speeches at towns along the way. The evening of Wednesday was at Erie, and that of Thursday at Buffalo. Last night's meeting was at Rochester. Tonight Debs speaks at Syracuse, and tomorrow will reach New York city, where an afternoon meeting will be held. The itinerary for next week appears on page 4.

Detroit.

The reception to Bryan in Chicago, when he first came to the city after the nomination pleased that gentleman greatly. He said it was the finest he had ever received. At the station to meet Bryan, by the count of the capitalistic dailies, there were about seven hundred people. Two thousand persons

Railroad company is a spy and receives compensation from the company for this class of work in addition to that paid them for the performance of their regular duties. These spies work for the L. & N. as engineers, firemen, conductors, trimmen, switchmen and, as a matter of fact, in about every other class of railroad employment. It is, therefore, impossible to accomplish anything in the way of organization, as everybody seems to be afraid of the other fellow, and those employees who are all right dare not talk with anybody on such a subject, because if they do they are called into the office and reprimanded and are plainly told to cease such talk, or they will be dismissed from the services of the company."

The foregoing is worth pondering. The L. & N. is a southern road. It carries out the southern notions toward labor by preventing organization. The South is the main support of Bryan, who still claims his party loves organized labor, and asks labor to put such a party in control of the nation!

Preachers are getting back to first principles, it seems. One hundred and sixty-one of them, representing twenty-four religious faiths, and resident of thirty-six states and territories and some sections of Canada, have issued a manifesto to the churches of America declaring their belief in Socialism and urging a study of the subject.

And every household needs beef and pork. But beef is nearly 25 per cent higher and pork 22 per cent higher than it was last year. And it was higher then than ever since the war.

Corn is 31 per cent higher than last year. And corn was high enough then. Now what will you do this winter with your family?

The wealthy people say you do not know how to save, Madam.

But how can you save?

Because he is poor, the average workman's family is unable to practice ordinary economies which the middle class think most necessary.

The wife buys one cake of soap for 5 cents, when 25 cents would buy six cakes. She pays 8 cents for a quarter of a peck of potatoes (that means \$1.28 a bushel) when 80 cents would buy a bushel. She buys one can of tomatoes at a time for 10 cents, when three cans may be bought for 25 cents, etc.

For the workman who earns \$650 a year, which is more than the average workman earns in Milwaukee, we can say the following:

His family is underfed; is almost ragged; is cold in winter; is huddled, seven persons in four rooms; is without sanitation; is weighed down by debts; is a prey to shylocks; is in wretched surroundings; it is in a daily race with starvation.

For meat, the average family eats sausage, cheap stew meat, pork, and sometimes the cheapest round steak. And they are mighty glad to get that. Half the year the family uses no eggs.

The only luxury is tobacco for the head of the family. And in some families, an occasional pint of beer.

Certain papers are beginning to print all sorts of fine recipes; how you can live on cornstarch alone, for 3 cents a day. But I would advise you not to try it.

Others tell you how you could live on nuts alone. But nuts have gone up fearfully of late. You would better cut them out.

So what are you going to do about it?

This is a great country, and produces all we need. We produce so many things of all kinds, particularly food stuffs, that we send them all over the world. And if there should not be enough, we could easily produce ten times as much.

And yet steady, industrious

working people make hardly the barest kind of a bare living. And that is your case also, if you are the wife of a workman, of a clerk, of a teacher, a clergyman, or a small business man.

And do you know the reason for this ungodly rise of the means of livelihood? Do you know it is not a bad harvest, that it is not because things did not grow, nor because cattle cannot be raised?

It is simply because everything is in the hands of a few trusts.

They not only control the packing houses, but through their cold storage houses and magazines control also the poultry, the butter and the fruit.

And through their elevators they control the wheat, which naturally influences the price of bread. The railroads do the rest.

The trust owners, of course, need the money.

The average New York plutocrat spends \$300,000 a year for his household and living expenses—that means 500 times more than a workman's family gets whose head has steady employment.

There are 100 women in New York who each spend \$30,000 a year for dresses, and 1,000 who spend \$15,000 a year each. Quite a number of our millionaires own plates of solid gold, and there are rich families who boast of China costing \$5,000 a dozen.

A hundred thousand dollars would not even pay the interest on the money spent for trinkets which are worn every evening at the Metropolitan opera by the rich women in the boxes. There are a number of New York women who boast that their jewelry costs them half a million dollars. A single pearl necklace was recently sold at Tiffany's for \$200,000. There are fifty New York men who wear link cuff buttons worth \$5,000 a pair.

So the capitalists need the money.

The stables of the horses and the dog kennels of the millionaires are infinitely nicer than your house.

There are some poodle dogs that wear diamond studded necklaces costing \$10,000 or more.

And no matter how pretty and good your child may be, it will never have as good a living in this world as a millionaire's dog or horse—if capitalism is to last.

There is only one way in which we can stop this starvation brought about artificially by a handful of sharks in human form.

The nation must get possession of

The evening meeting was preceded by a parade of the Toledo Socialists, which was two blocks long in spite of the inclemency of the weather and the muddy condition of the streets.

One feature of the Red Special's visit to Toledo was a visit which Mayor Brand Whitlock paid to Debs at the train. The city executive chatted with the Socialist standard bearer for some time, and when he went away left five dollars with the Red Special treasurer to help defray the expenses of the trip.

And the home of the arch-enemy of organized labor, Battle Creek, where the breakfast food trust produces near-breakfasts at trust rates, the people turned out four thousand strong to hear Eugene V. Debs elucidate the principles of Social-Democracy and their application to the workers. Four thousand people in a vacant lot voiced a vociferous protest against the man who owns Battle Creek and the anti-labor propaganda.

The rousing reception at Battle Creek was merely an indication of what was to come. Ann Arbor, seat of culture and supposed stronghold of the opposition to new ideas begotten by capitalism, gave the special a big welcome.

WE WILL HAVE NO KLEPTOCRACY!

By Victor L. Berger.

OF course, Charles Murphy, Fingy Conors, Hinky Dink and Bathouse John and the rest of the graft-fingered gentry, could come to Milwaukee and serve an apprenticeship under Dave Rose with "great profit"—provided they would join the Rose marching band and get at least an appointment as sidewalk inspectors.

Dave is not only a great master himself—that would not be much now-a-days. He is a man who sticks to a grafter wherever he finds one. Dave is the patron saint or rather patron devil of the grafters' guild.

The latest is this:

Half a dozen men in the fire department have filed sworn charges against the chief engineer of the fire department, Thomas Clancy. They charged him with graft, with petty larceny, with extortion in the case of a so-called subscription for covering the expenses of the said Clancy when tried for perjury, with subornation of perjury and with general incompetence.

Instead of asking for an investigation, as every honest man would, Clancy discharged nine firemen, among them Assistant Chief Michael Harden, who had been in the service 22 years, and Capt. Peter Lancaster, who had been in the service for 18 years, and had received a gold medal from the Carnegie fund for heroism in saving lives.

These men have paid into the firemen's pension fund for years, and lose all the benefits, except Assistant Chief Harden, who gets half of what he would otherwise receive.

The men were discharged from service without any investigation, simply because Chief Clancy did not like the sworn complaints filed against him.

And these complaints of graft, petty larceny, extortion, etc., did not lose any of their force by the complainants being kicked out.

However, under a ridiculous, unjust and draconian special law, Chief Clancy had the power to discharge them without even consulting the police and fire commission. And he made use of his power.

The sworn charges had been filed with Mayor David S. Rose, according to law.

Dave, after a so-called hearing, behind closed doors and in presence of three or four of Clancy's henchmen, came out with a statement that "these charges are too flimsy to deserve serious consideration."

He declared that he would not permit them to go to the police and fire commission.

There is an affidavit under oath charging Chief Clancy with graft and larceny. That is too flimsy to be considered by Dave, the patron saint of Dunn, Niezowski, Havenor, etc.

There is a sworn charge that a subscription was taken up among members of the fire department to defray the chief's expenses when he was indicted and tried for perjury—a subscription of some \$2,000. That was too flimsy to be considered by Mr. Rose—the head of the "City Democracy."

There is a charge sworn to by firemen that Clancy tried to make them lie under oath in the grand jury trial of Chief Clancy. This charge is too flimsy to be considered by Dave Rose, the old bankruptcy specialist.

There is a sworn charge that Chief Clancy had embezzled \$500 from a firemen's relief fund and that afterwards he had to borrow money from his subordinates to make good the defalcation. That charge is too flimsy to be considered by the founder of Twin Buttes.

On the other hand, nine of the best men of the fire department were kicked out by Chief Clancy in order to terrorize the entire department.

As a matter of fact, this charge ceases to be a charge against Chief Clancy, since Dave, patron devil of the grafters of Milwaukee, has openly declared that the men were discharged by his specific order.

It is evidently the intention of Dave Rose and his select band of Captain Kidds to erect a grafters' republic within the boundaries of the city of Milwaukee.

Now we have heard of oligarchies, of plutocracies, but a kleptocracy would surely be a new thing.

However, there are now about 22,000 Social-Democrats in Milwaukee. And there are almost as many other citizens again, not Social-Democrats, but who are also honest.

And we will say this to Dave Rose:

We will have a reign of regulators, of vigilance committees and some wholesale hanging-bees, before we will stand for a grafters' reign of terror in Milwaukee.

Every honest man knows that nobody is more interested to have these charges investigated than Clancy himself. If he is innocent, the citizens should know it.

And it is not the question whether Dave Rose will permit these graft charges against Clancy to go to his police and fire commission or not. There are a few good men on that commission. But it is a Rose commission. And honest citizens will never be satisfied with any investigation by Rose's commission.

Logically a grand jury ought to be called every three months so long as Dave Rose is in office—and we notice that none has been called for three years. No wonder Dave is getting bold.

A mass meeting of citizens will be held at the West Side Turner hall, to-day (Saturday). The citizens must insist on the calling of a grand jury to investigate not only the Clancy case, but per chance some other doings of David S. Rose.

It was one of Dave's favorite boasts that four grand juries were after him—that none could catch him.

Let us try a fifth.

the trusts, and thus get possession of the most necessary means of livelihood for the people.

We have spoken to your husband about this. Maybe he understands, but it is also possible that he has not given any thought to this matter.

Now we want to speak to you. We know you have at heart the welfare of your children, the welfare of your family.

We want you to think of your present condition. We want you to think of your future, of your old age.

We want you to think what will become of you and your children if your husband should get out of work?

What will become of you and your children if your husband should become sick, if he should die?

Think of all this, if your husband does not.

And then answer this question: Is the Social-Democratic party right or not, when it tries to unite the workingmen and the poor people generally in order to change this system, so that you and your children and your neighbor and her children shall be taken care of now and be assured for the future?

And remember, Madam, every vote for the Social-Democratic party is a knock for the trust and a boost for you and your children. Every vote for the Social-Democratic party helps to make your bread cheaper, and your old age more secure.

Tell your husband to get our reading matter. It will cost you nothing. And it cannot hurt him or you.

If you do not agree with us, you need not accept our ideas. But if you do, then help us to make this life better, nicer and more worth living.

Victor L. Berger.

SOCIALISM'S REAL INTERNATIONALISM

SHOWN BY THE MEETINGS OF INTERNATIONAL BUREAU.

A New Meeting Called at Brussels and the Measures That Will be Taken Up. The Inter-Parliamentary Commission.

International Socialist Bureau—Brussels, Sept. 7, 1908.—After consultation with the affiliated parties, and with the object of giving satisfaction to the greatest number of Delegates, we find ourselves obliged to fix the date of the 10th meeting of the International Socialist Bureau on the 11th of October (Sunday) at 9 a.m. at the Maison du Peuple hall No. 1.

Eight questions are, for the present inscribed in the order for this sitting.

(1) The question of the Affiliation to the bureau, and of the admission to congress of the non Socialistic groups. (Proposition of discussion formulated by the British section. See first exchange of views on this subject in the official statement from Stuttgart congress, pages 274 and following. See also the memorandum of the Independent Labor party, England, in the last report of the secretary.)

OUR OWN PUBLICATIONS

Sent at the Following Prices, Postpaid

Child Labor in the United States, by Ira B. Cross. Single copies 5c; 25 copies \$1.00; 50 copies \$1.75; 100 copies \$2.75.

Constructive Socialism, by H. L. Nahin. M. D. Single copies, 5c; 30 copies, \$1.00; 50 copies, \$1.50; 100 copies, \$2.00.

Confessions of Capitalism. Third and revised edition, by Allan L. Benson. Single copies 5c; 30 copies \$1.00; 100 copies \$2.75.

Dear Bill: A Letter, by Charles Sandburg. Single copies, 10c; 25 copies, \$1.75; 50 copies, \$3; 100 copies, \$5.

Democratic Foundations, by John Ulrich. Single copies, 10c; 25 copies, \$2.00; 50 copies, \$3.75; 100 copies, \$7.00.

Eight Letters to an American Farmer, by Clayton J. Lamb. Single copies 5c; 25 copies \$1.00; 50 copies \$1.75; 100 copies \$2.75.

Government Ownership of Railroads, by Carl D. Thompson. Single copies, 10c; 25 copies, \$1.75; 50 copies, \$3; 100 copies, \$5.

Henry Ashton, a Socialist novel, by R. A. Dague. Cloth, 50c. Paper 25c, 100 copies \$2.00.

Incentive Under Capitalism, by a Business-Man Socialist. Single copies 5c; 25 copies \$1.00; 50 copies \$1.75; 100 copies \$2.75.

Labor Unions and Political Parties, by August Bebel, translated by E. H. Thomas. Single copies 5c; 25 copies \$1.00; 50 copies \$1.75; 100 copies \$2.75.

"Little Brown Jagger" Leaflets. English, 2 pages; 100, by mail, 15c; 1,000, by express, 75c, express charges extra; English-German, 4 pages, 100, by mail, 25c; 1,000, by express, \$1.00, express charges extra; either all of one kind or assorted.

Making the Local Draw, by a veteran Socialist Organizer. 100 copies, 5c; 50 copies, 20c; 100 copies, 35c; 1,000 copies, \$2.00.

New Zealand's Reply to Pessimism, by Allan L. Benson. Single copies, 5c; 25 copies, \$1.00; 50 copies, \$1.75; 100 copies, \$2.75.

Rapid Growth of Socialism, by Rufus Weeks. 100 copies, 5c; 500 copies, 35c; 1,000 copies, \$2.50.

Socialism Made Plain. Fourth edition, by Allan L. Benson. 15c; 25 copies \$2.75, 50 copies \$5.00, 100 copies \$9.00; cloth, 50c.

Socialism and the City, by Winfield R. Gaylord. Single copies 5c; 25 copies \$1.00; 50 copies \$1.75; 100 copies \$2.50.

The Constructive Program of Socialism, by Carl D. Thompson. Single copies, 15c; 25 copies, \$2.75; 50 copies, \$4.50; 100 copies, \$8.00.

"The New Emancipation," by Politicians. Single copies 5c; 25 copies \$1.00; 50 copies \$1.75; 100 copies \$2.75.

The Reason for Socialism, by H. Esell. Single copy, 25c; 10 copies, 20c each; 25 copies, \$3.75.

The Right of Economic Might, a Fable, by D. K. Young. 100 copies, 10c; 100 copies, 50c; 1,000 copies, \$4.00.

The Tendency of Economic Development, by Paul Kampfmeyer, translated by E. H. Thomas. Single copies 5c, 25 copies \$1.00, 50 copies \$1.75, 100 copies \$2.75.

What the Republican and Democratic Parties Have Done for the Workingman. 100 copies, 5c; 1,000 copies, \$2.00.

What Shall We Do to Be Saved? Second edition, by Victor L. Berger. This pamphlet, 5c a copy; \$1.50 per 100; \$9.00 per 1,000.

"What Is Socialism? What Is Capitalism," by R. A. Dague. Single copies 5c; 25 copies \$1.00; 50 copies \$1.75, 100 copies \$2.75.

Social-Democratic Publishing Company 342 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

dent Labor party, England, in the last report of the secretary.)

(2) Of the combined action of the working men and Socialists of the countries concerned to prevent European and colonial conflicts by which the Governments menace them by their agreements and disagreements and intrigues. (Proposition of the French section.)

(3) The Bureau will hold a meeting, periodically, at least twice a year. (Proposition of the British section.)

(4) The affiliated sections and parties will pay the bureau an assessment estimated on a minimum base of 100 francs per vote. (Proposition of the committee in execution of the decision of the bureau, which has resolved to harmonize the amount of votes and the tax of assessments.)

(5) The scale of allotment of votes will attribute 12 votes to Hungary and 12 votes to Sweden. (See last report of the Secretary.)

(6) The admission of the Democratic party of Chili. (See last report of the secretary.)

(7) To come to a decision on the subject of the Socialist Zionists. (See last report of the secretary.)

(8) To come to a decision on the subject of the French Representation. (See last report of the secretary.)

According to the resolutions adopted at Stuttgart "Every year an assemblage will take place after the sitting of the bureau meeting, to which all the members of the parliamentary groups will be admitted who are affiliated to the I. C.," we summon the third meeting of the interparliamentary commission on the 12th of Oct. (Monday) in the White Hall of the Maison du Peuple.

Only one question has been returned to us by the former meetings. It concerns the relations between the purely pacific societies and the Socialist organizations, and has already made the subject of a debate at the Second congress of the first international, held at Lausanne in 1867. It has been stated as follows at Stuttgart in 1907.

Of the action of the interparliamentary commission in the interparliamentary union for international peace and arbitration.

But, as it has been agreed upon at a private meeting of the Secretaries of the parliamentary groups at Stuttgart, the meetings of the members of the commission will also have to make a point of exposing briefly what has been done from a legislative point of view to make a point of exposing briefly what has been done from a legislative point of view by the parliamentary Socialists during the course of the last session.

We therefore strongly insist that the parliamentary groups be represented at this meeting by at least one delegate.

Lastly, conforming to a decision made at the meeting of Socialist journalists, which has taken place during the congress of Stuttgart, it had been understood that the Socialist journals should formulate propositions on the improvements of correspondence to be established between our organs and that a sitting should be summoned for the purpose of discussing these motions.

Certain members had even proposed to call a meeting at Brussels at the end of 1907, but this idea has not been able to be realized.

We therefore take advantage of the bureau meeting to summon this assembly in order to continue the exchange of opinions which had been put forward at Stuttgart. It will take place on the eve of the Bureau meeting on the 10th of Oct. (Saturday), at 10 a. m., in the White Hall of the Maison du Peuple.

This conference is not official. It will be composed of delegates which the papers of the affiliated parties wish to send with the object of studying the question with their colleagues of other countries and of diminishing as far as possible the injurious effects provoked by the diffusion of accommodated news launched by the official governmental agencies.

The Executive Committee of the International Socialist Bureau and of the Interparliamentary Commission: Ed. Anseele, L. Fumemont, Em. Vandervelde; Cam. Huysmans, Secretary.

SOCIALISTS IN ACTION.

MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC ALDERMEN—Henry Rex, Ninth ward; William Koch, Tenth ward; Edward T. Meina, Eleventh ward; Max Grass, 14th ward; Louis A. Arnold, Seventeenth ward; Jacob Brunel, Nineteenth ward; Eugene Strobel, Twentieth ward; Charles L. Welley, Twenty-first ward; John Hassmann, Twenty-second ward.

Milwaukee: Monday's meeting of the city council was enlivened by a scrimmage over some resolutions calling for an investigation of the charges against the fire chief, introduced by Ald. Welley. The charges had been filed with the mayor and alleged graft, petty thievery, subordination of perjury, incompetence, mismanagement, and the taking up of a collection among the firemen to defray the legal expenses of Chief Clancy's recent trial on the grand jury indictment for perjury. Mayor Rose had refused to turn the charges over to the board of fire and police commissioners for trial, but himself called in members of the fire department for examination and then pronounced the charges to be flimsy. A more flagrant case of whitewashing was

never attempted in Milwaukee. The mayor's examination was wholly ex parte, or at least members of the fire department were patently frightened out of telling anything they may have known by the presence at the hearing of the chief, who had just exercised his right of summary discharge by dismissing from the department ten well known fire fighters, whom he claimed had been working against him. Ald. Welley's resolution roused the Rose aldermen to a frenzy. The council was asked to appoint a committee of three, no two to be from the same party, to investigate the charges and the mayor's refusal to have such serious charges take their natural course. Ald. Carney (D) was the most excited. He insisted that the resolution be not received, which was eventually done, after a most exciting debate. The effort of the graft aldermen to protect graft in the fire department only succeeded for the moment because of the preponderance of numbers. The victory will not be for long, as the Social-Democrats have called a mass meeting for Saturday evening at the largest auditorium in the city to insist that the authorities take up the charges and redeem the city from the disgraceful maneuvers of a Rose to cover up a grave condition of things in his administration.

As part of the play of the Rose street railway and lighting monopoly administration to block the municipal electric lighting project, the Democratic comptroller submitted figures tending to show that there was nothing in sight with which to do anything further for the light plant.

Milwaukee: At Tuesday's meeting of the county board of supervisors, the Social-Democratic supervisors used their balance of power to throw the contract for the completion of the Grand Avenue viaduct to a company made up of local capitalists. They were moved to do this because the company had signed up agreements with the local labor bodies to employ only union labor on the job.

The traveling library commission secured for the county by Comrade Mensing has been appointed to consist of the following: George Men-

for three years, Hugo Pauli for two years, Mrs. J. L. Foley for two years, Mrs. E. Deville for one year and Miss Lurie Stearns for one year. The commission has arranged ten stations throughout the county. Socialists in those vicinities should ask for Socialist books. Supervisor Mensing's resolution in favor of pensioning the blind was passed, as well as his resolution to condemn certain land adjoining the county farm to be used for the erection of a home for the feeble minded.

THE WHITE PLAGUE.

The latest report of the Henry Phipps institute for the study, treatment and prevention of tuberculosis gives the patients received during the past year, according to occupation:

Out of each thousand sewing machine operators in Philadelphia 12.60 were treated at the institute for tuberculosis. The ratio of other occupations per thousand were as follows:

Potters, 5.47; hucksters and peddlers, 3.97; seamstresses, 3.83; stonecutters, 3.70; porters, 3.55; gas workers, 3.17; wheelwrights, 3.15; sailors, 3.17; newspaper vendors, 3.10; tailors, 2.65; cigar makers, 2.64; boxmakers, 2.43; glass blowers, 2.34; boilermakers, 2.29; bartenders, 2.26; coopers, 2.08; tinsmiths, 2.06; cabinetmakers, 2.04.

Policemen had a rate of only .07 per thousand. The report states that "all occupations which give fair compensation and are not accompanied by severe physical labor have a relatively low attendance rate at the institution."

Gompers' Bedfellows!

Haskell has been cast out, perforce, for the "good of the cause." But this "friend of labor" party still retains Tobacco Trust Wetmore on its national committee. Of course, Wetmore, second vice-president of the AMERICAN TOBACCO TRUST, that has ruined thousands, is a "friend of labor."

Bryan still retains the platform which only Haskell superintended in the making. What manner of platform do you suppose Haskell would make? Think it over. To cap it all Bryan's Commoner—his paper—has never been known as an exponent of organized labor.—Manitowoc (Wis.) Daily Tribune.

Way Behind the Times.

There is a growing conviction that the only method by which labor will get relief will be to break away entirely from both the old parties. By doing this the old parties will be compelled to join hands in making concessions to labor or face certain defeat in the near future. Gompers is way behind the times in his political labor program.—Labor News.

German Readers

Should Read the Foremost Constructive SOCIALIST Weekly in This Country—

Die Wahrheit

EDITED BY VICTOR L. BERGER

You can have it for the reduced price of \$1.00 a year. Order by mail. Address: 342 Sixth St., Milwaukee, Wis.

PRINCIPLES OF SOCIAL-DEMOCRACY

A CLEAR STATEMENT OF OUR IDEAS AND AIMS.

The Workers With Hand or Brain Are the Victim Class Under Capitalism. A Mad, Reckless and Torturing System That Must Go.

Human life depends upon food, clothing and shelter. Only when these are assured are freedom, culture and higher human development possible. To produce food, clothing and shelter, land and machinery are needed. Land by itself does not satisfy human needs. Human labor gets raw materials and food out of the soil by creating machinery and using it upon the land. Whoever has control of land and machinery has control of human labor, and with it of human life and liberty.

Today the machinery and the land used for industrial purposes are owned by a rapidly decreasing minority. So long as machinery is simple and easily handled by one man, it does not make its owners so powerful that they can dominate the sources of life of others. But when machinery becomes more and more complex and expensive, and requires for its effective operation the organized effort of many workers, its influence reaches over wider and wider circles of life. The owners of such machinery become the dominant class.

In proportion as the number of such machine owners compared to all other classes decreases, their power in the nation and in the world increases. They bring ever larger masses of working people under their control, reducing them to the point where muscle and brain are their only productive property. Millions of formerly self-employing workers thus become the helpless wage slaves of the industrial masters.

The more the economic power of the ruling class grows, the less useful does it become in the life of the nation. The overwhelming bulk of the useful work of the nation falls upon the shoulders of the classes that either have no other productive property but their manual and mental labor power—the wage workers—or that have but little land and little effective machinery outside of their labor power—the small traders and small farmers. The ruling minority is steadily becoming useless and parasitic.

A bitter struggle over the division of the products of labor is waged between the exploiting property classes on the one hand and the exploited, propertyless class on the other. In this struggle the wage working class cannot expect adequate relief from any reform of the present order or from the dominant class of society.

The wage workers are therefore the most determined and irreconcilable antagonists of the ruling class. They are also the class which suffers most from the curse of class rule. The fact that a small number of capitalists is permitted to use all the country's resources and social tools for their individual profit, and to make the production of the necessities of our lives the object of their competitive private enterprises and speculations, is at the bottom of all the social evils of our time.

In spite of the organization of trusts, pools and combinations, the capitalists are powerless to regulate production for social ends. Industries are largely conducted in a planless manner. Through periods of feverish activity the strength and health of the workers are mercilessly undermined, and during periods of enforced idleness the workers are frequently reduced to starvation.

The climax of this chaotic system of production are the regularly recurring industrial depressions and crises which paralyze the nation every fifteen or twenty years.

In its mad and reckless race for profits the capitalist class is bound to exploit the workers to the very limit of their endurance and to sacrifice their physical, moral and mental welfare to its own insatiable greed. Capitalism keeps the masses of workingmen in poverty, destitution, physical exhaustion and ignorance. It drags their wives from their homes to the mill and factory. It snatches their children from the playgrounds and schools and grinds their slender bodies and unformed minds into cold dollars. It wantonly disfigures, maims and kills hundreds of thousands of workingmen annually in mines, on railroads and in factories. It drives millions of workers into the ranks of the unemployed and forces large numbers of them into beggary, vagrancy and all forms of crime and vice.

To maintain their rule over their fellow men, the capitalists must keep in their pay all organs of the public powers, public mind and public conscience. They control the dominating parties and, through them, the elected public officials. They select our executives, bribe our legislatures and corrupt our courts of justice. They own and censor the press. They sway our educational institutions. They own the nation politically and intellectually just as they own it industrially.

The struggle between wage

workers and capitalists grows ever fiercer, and has become the only vital issue before the American people. The wage-working class, therefore, has the most vital and direct interest in abolishing the capitalist system. But in abolishing the present system, the workingmen will free not only their own class, but also all other classes of modern society: The small farmer, who is today exploited by large capital more indirectly but not less effectively than is the wage laborer; the small manufacturer and trader, who is engaged in a desperate and losing struggle for economic independence in the face of the all-conquering power of concentrated capital; and even the capitalist himself, who is the slave of his wealth rather than its master. The struggle of the working class against the capitalist class, while it is a class struggle, is thus at the same time a struggle for the abolition of all classes and class privileges.

The private ownership of the land and means of production used for exploitation, is the rock upon which class rule is built; political government is its indispensable instrument. The wage-workers cannot be freed from exploitation without conquering the political power and substituting collective and democratic administration for private ownership of the land and the means of production used for exploitation.

The basis for such transformation is rapidly developing within the very bosom of present capitalist society. The factory system, with its immense machinery and minute division of labor, is rapidly destroying all vestiges of individual production in manufacture. Modern production is already very largely a collective and social process, while the great trusts and monopolies which have sprung up in recent years have had the effect of organizing the work and management of some of our main industries on a national scale, and fitting them for national use and operation.

In the struggle for freedom the interests of the workers of all nations are identical. The struggle is not only national, but international. It embraces the world and will be carried to ultimate victory by the united workers of the world.

To unite the workers of the nation and their allies and sympathizers of all other classes to this end, is the mission of the Socialist party. In this battle for freedom the Socialist party does not strive to substitute working class rule for capitalist class rule, but by working class victory to free all humanity from class rule and to realize the international brotherhood of man.

CAPITALIST DESTRUCTION.

In one week two facts of this year's food harvest in Great Britain have come to the Leader office from eye witnesses.

The first tells how two and a half tons of fresh strawberries, consigned on a Saturday morning to a great Midland town, were held up on their journey to the market by the agents responsible for the fruit sales and sent to the corporation destructor. Excuse: There was already an overstocked market.

The second fact hails from the North east Coast. An old fisherman writes and tells with pathetic horror how the fishing fleet in which he worked was bidden by the agents to destroy the whole of its first day's catch of herring; the catch had been too abundant. For days afterwards the beautiful beach of his native home was made foul and hideous by heaps of rotting fish.

By such deeds is the wisdom of

Near-Socialist Books

By Writers Who Are Higher Socialists or Sympathetic. These books are just the thing to get into the hands of Non-Socialists, as well as being valuable for the Socialist Library.

THE SPIRIT OF AMERICAN GOVERNMENT—By T. Allen Smith, LL.B., Ph.D., President of the American Political Science Association in the University of Washington. This is one of "The Citizens' Library" edited by Prof. Ely. It is a study of the American Constitution, its origin and its relation to democracy. A book you should read, by all means. Price, in cloth, \$1.25.

UPAISING OF THE MANY—By Charles Russell, the magazine writer. This is a book just issued and deals in a striking way with the unrest of the victim classes throughout international capitalism. Price—cloth, 1.50. Postage—

CHRISTIANITY AND THE SOCIAL CRISIS—By Prof. Walter Rauschenbush. Almost everyone interested in the social question has heard of this book. It is a worth-while book and may be had in cloth for \$1.50; postage 15 cents extra.

THE BITTER CRY OF THE CHILDREN—By John Spargo. This book boundless has public favor, showing that a long-felt want had been filled. You should possess it. \$1.50 in cloth, 15 cents extra for postage.

THE JUNGLE—A powerful book, exposing wage slavery and capitalist abominations in connection with the meat packing business. Cloth \$1.00. Postage 10 cents extra.

THE SOCIAL UNREST: for and Social Movements—By John Graham Brooks. A history of communitarian experiments in the United States. Price, in cloth, \$1.00.

"POVERTY"—By Robert Hunter. A book that has shaken the land. You can supply it in cloth for \$1.50, postpaid; in paper, 50c, postpaid.

PEOPLE OF THE ABYSS—By Jack London. A book you should have. \$1.50, in cloth, postpaid. Order it of us.

SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

342-344-346 Sixth Street Milwaukee, Wis.

is made from the very best material—filtered through fine pulp wood—and properly aged in modern underground vaults, which gives it a character and taste all its own.

You can't help but like it.

Phone West 10.

MILWAUKEE

WHY TAKE 2 1/2 OR 3 PER CENT WHEN YOU CAN GET 5 PER CENT INTEREST.

Why persist in leaving your funds in the bank drawing 2 1/2 or 3 per cent interest? Isn't it foolish to take 2 1/2 or 3 per cent when 5 per cent is offered? Why hesitate a moment longer?

You should take advantage of every good thing that comes your way. If a Socialist institution offers better security than banks at a greater rate of interest, don't continue the losing proposition. Take up the 5 per cent and drop the 2 1/2 or 3 per cent interest proposition.

Besides, Socialists don't believe in "confidence." Yet this is about all many banks are built upon. And although this is well known, banks can still find Socialists with sufficient "confidence" to make deposits in their institutions. Why take chances? Is it because you feel "confident" that your bank is at least so sound that you will not lose your savings? Is it because you feel "confident" that in case of danger you at least will be secure? Or is it because you feel "confident" that in case of a run on the bank, or a panic, that you are smart enough to withdraw your deposit before it's too late? Now really, why take these chances—why feel so "confident." You know this "confidence" game has many times proven that it is apt to explode like a bubble, and just as suddenly.

Quit feeling "confident" that you will not lose. Invest your money with a growing institution, where you KNOW it will not be lost.

There is another point. It is much better to invest your money in an institution that will use it to your interest, than to deposit it where it may be used against you. Bank your money and what guarantee have you that it won't be used by some corrupt, dirty politician. He may go to the same bank and borrow the very money you deposited for the purpose of carrying on his dirty work.

Stop helping your enemies. Don't furnish the resources for your opponents. Help yourself! Help your family! Help your class! Start right now.

Here's a partial list of those who are not taking any more chances:

Beer Bottlers' Union No. 213	\$1,000
Hardwood Finishers' Union No. 1066	50
Wisconsin State Federation of Labor	200
Brewers' Union No. 9	500
Machinists' Union No. 65	50
Carpenters' Union No. 1748	100
Clothing Cutters and Trimmers' Union No. 195	100
Carpenters' Union No. 1447	200
Coopers' Union No. 30	100
Machinists' Union No. 300	100
Brewery Teamsters' Union No. 72	500
Machinists' Union No. 301	50
Carpenters' Union No. 188	100
Carpenters' Union No. 522	100
Federal Labor Union No. 8004	50
Carpenters' Union No. 1053	100
Forty-one individuals and Societies	5,745

You are losing money by further delay. Act now. The issue of bonds is for \$12,000. Over \$9,000 has been sold. Unless you act soon it may be too late. Don't be foolish any longer. Don't take 2 1/2 or 3 per cent when 5 per cent is within your reach. Don't help shaky banks by your "confidence" in them.

Don't assist corrupt dirty politicians. Let us hear from you. Full information given upon application.

MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBL. CO.

H. W. Bistortius, Business Manager.

We Took The Reins.

One man has a billion!
"What of it?" "It's his!"
"The law says it is!"
One man had a slave!
"What of that?" "It was his!"
"The law said it was his!"
Once we had a king:
A despotic thing!
"Yes! we freed him!"
"We took the reins!"
(When we had brains.)
Isen D' Ezi.

Did Christ Secure It?

The Rev. George Gladstone, of Nathalia (Australia), has just been quoted by his bishop to resign his cure of souls for three reasons, whereof the principal one reads thus: "That he fails to secure the adherence to the church of people in leading positions."—EX.

Aw, Tell Us Something New!

Some of our papers are but the tools of predatory wealth. The owners hide in the background, they hire brilliant writers to chloroform the public, and the owners come out and pick the public pocket.—EX.

A vote for Debs and Hanford is a vote for humanity!

Drink Pabst Beer With Your Meals

It is rich in the food elements of Pabst exclusive eight-day malt and the tonic properties of choicest hops. It nourishes the whole body. Pabst eight-day malt gets all the good out of the barley into the beer.

Pabst Blue Ribbon has highest food value because made from Pabst eight-day malt. This, together with many exclusive features of the Pabst brewing process, gives it that rich, mellow flavor found in no other beer. Pabst Blue Ribbon Beer is always pure and clean, the most healthful beer and the best to drink. It is the beer for your family to drink—the beer to keep on hand in your home.

Is for you to use it. IT IS FIRST RATE—TRY IT. AT ANY RATE. MADE IN MILWAUKEE. C. A. SERCOMB MFG. CO. 210 REED STREET

GLOBE Hotel

Wisconsin and Cass Sts.
Milwaukee—1 block from North-Western depot. Recently remodeled—all modern conveniences. EUROPEAN plan. Rate 50c per day, and upward.
GLOBE HOTEL CO., Proprietors.
Thos. Swoboda, Pres. BEN SCHMIDT, Mgr.

OLIPHANT & YOUNG

(SUCCESSORS TO E. G. UNDERWOOD)
107 Wisconsin St. PATENTS
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Social-Democratic Herald

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY THE
MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY
844 Sixth Street Milwaukee, Wis.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS—R. H. Thomas, Victor L. Berger, Ed. Ziegler, O. P. Dietz, Fred
Kneibauer, Sr., Wm. A. Arnold, H. W. Hiltner, Frank Bauer, F. W. Kehlfield.

Official paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee
and of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.

Entered at the Milwaukee Postoffice as Second-Class Matter, August 20, 1901.

FREDERIC HEATH, Editor VICTOR L. BERGER, Associate

In the election to the Swedish upper chamber the Socialists have actually gained up till now five seats. The Radicals have lost 4 and gained 11, while the Tories have lost 17 and gained 9. The situation now remains as follows: The anti-Socialists have 68 seats; the Radicals, who combine with the Socialists, 46; while the Socialists have 9. It is surprising to see Socialism gaining ground in an upper house, and there are some seats still to be fought and won.

A. J. Pettigrew, a Socialist legislator at Manatee, Florida, writes a Milwaukee comrade as follows: "I am receiving letters and news that proves Socialism is growing fast. I am sure there will be a great Socialist vote in Florida next November, and it seems to me to be different from the states of the north. It has been caused mainly by literature. The converts are wage workers, farmers, fruit growers, school teachers, preachers, lawyers and most other occupations. Their reasons are not because they are hungry or have to adopt Socialism, but because they learn what it is, and that it is just and good, and that it will make the world better and give everyone a certain chance to live a happy life, but not one-tenth of them have joined our party."

HORRORS IN RUSSIA.
The stories that filter through from Russia tell of unspeakable horrors. The prisons are full of suspects. Tortured men rebel against their gaolers, and are shot down like dogs. According to the *Russischer Bulletin* the prison of Lugansk, built for 134 prisoners, now holds 432. Cells that can hardly hold one prisoner are now tenanted by six political suspects. Six men are confined in every cell, but those in authority care for none of these things.

From Our Readers.

As a Wage-Slave Sees It.
Mr. Editor.—We, the employees of the Allis-Chalmers company, had the honor to see Mr. Taft at the West Allis works today. There was a large gathering with but little cheering. Hundreds of the crowd did not even take off their hats, and they did not cheer either. After the speech was over I heard a great many say, "Well, we paid for it all by the cut the Allis-Chalmers company gave us last January 16, of from 1 cent to 6 cents per hour, and is still in force." So the employees feel that the cut has been used for campaign purposes anyway. For the company spent a large amount by building a large platform across the east end of No. 1 shop and trimming it with hanging of the national colors. But the flag they used to represent the United States was not a United States flag at all, as it only contained forty-six stars. I heard many speak about it.

The main speaker was a good hot-air shooter all right. He was telling what happened back in 1840, many years before 95 per cent of the men and boys were born. So it was plain to the crowd that he did not want to explain why the nation is in such a condition as it is at present, and the Re-

publicans are in power at present too. But he did not say anything about the Socialists that I heard.

Now, fellow workers, don't forget the cut in wages of one to six cents per hour, that the company dished out to us last January, and still have in force. You can readily see that the money they have chipped off of each check has piled up so high that they have taken a hand in politics for you. Taft, Sec. And, comrades, don't forget the amount of your checks. And just think of the Republican prosperity you are having in 1908. And now they are knocking at your door asking you to let them continue the good times we are getting under their administration. Come now, fellow workers, do a little thinking for yourself and family, and vote for men and not hot-air shooters, that talk so much, they don't know when to stop. Who say a whole lot and do nothing to help us. Don't play with the fire of the old parties, or you will get burnt, as you have heretofore. So stop and think who was in power in 1893; also who is in power in 1908; and see if you can see any difference as to which of the old parties are going to help your condition. So you have given them a fair chance to show you what they could do for you, and you have the answer: "Nothing."

Fellow workmen, then try the Social-Democratic party for a change, and after you have given them as fair a show as you have the old parties, we will ask you what has the Social-Democratic party done for you and you will not be able to say: "Oh, nothing."

So brace up as though you thought yourself just as good as Mr. Taft or Mr. Bryan. They vote for their interests, so can you if you only will.

From an Allis-Chalmers Company Employee, Milwaukee.

Socialism is the ideal and hope of a new society founded on industrial peace and forthrightly aiming at a new and higher life for men.—William Morris



OIL STAINS.

BLATZ BEER

MILWAUKEE



Words of Praise have ever prevailed in advertising "copy." That a producer should wax enthusiastic over his own wares is but human. But it's the praise of the consumer that counts—and it is to a discriminating and critical public that "Blatz" refers you.

It is safe to say that no product, of any kind, enjoys a more enviable reputation than does this same Blatz Beer of Milwaukee in markets where it is offered.

Its self-evident honesty of purpose, purity, brilliancy, body and every other attribute that goes to make a perfect beer are over in evidence.

Cultivate the "Blatz Sign Habit"—Watch for the name—ask for any of these brands, whether on draught or bottled—Wiener, Private Stock, Export, Muenchener.

ALWAYS THE SAME Good Old Blatz

Remember the Triangular Label

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

DEBS KNOWS WHAT THE "MATTER IS," WITH AMERICA.

By William Henry Forber

Everybody ought to read Lincoln Steffens' article in the October number of *Everybody's Magazine* on Eugene V. Debs.

Mr. Steffens, in the June number of this same magazine quotes President Roosevelt, Mr. Taft and Senator LaFollette, and in the July number quotes Mr. Bryan and Gov. John A. Johnson on "What the Matter Is in America and what to do About It."

Mr. Steffens says: The President, Taft and John Johnson don't believe there is any "it." He also says that with the exception of LaFollette, they did not even know what the matter is.

Mr. Steffens, however thinks that Socialists do know, for he says: "Socialists with other radicals, are sure they do know," and he does not refute this statement in any other place in his article.

I should say that Lincoln Steffens is one of the best magazine writers of the present day. He is

what professional people would call an adroit questioner. He is deep. He knows that there is something the matter with America, and he is going to find out what to do about it, for he knows that there is an "it," even though the President, and Taft, and Johnson don't know.

Mr. Steffens does not mention Mr. Bryan in his article, so he does not say whether the democratic standard-bearer, knows or not; for he totally ignores him; though he does credit Mr. Bryan in the July number with knowing that there is something the matter. Mr. Steffens admits that if he don't find out in one place he will try some other place, and says: "If the Republicans and the Democrats shed only gloom, I'll apply to the Socialists; if my old leaders say there is no light—why, then, I'll have to ask Debs."

And he did ask Debs. I do not believe that Comrade Debs was ever assailed with a greater avalanche of questions—adroit, vital questions; the kind that make a man dig way

down into the strata containing the gray matter of the brain, as scientists say.

And Debs answered the questions; and Comrade Berger, the "bear," as Mr. Steffens calls him, helped to guide his pupil Comrade Debs.

There is no criticism by this critic that Debs does not know the program, but on the other hand, Mr. Steffens intimates that Comrade Debs knows that there is an "it" and that he knows "what to do about it."

One of the remarkable and startling statements regarding Debs is: "It may be deemed expedient to hang Debs some day, and that wouldn't be so bad, but don't try to hurt him."

It should, however, be borne in mind that the author intends no harm to Comrade Debs; but apprizes us of the fact that some day capitalism may ask an offering upon the altar of the "god of greed," and that Eugene V. Debs may be the sacrifice.

SOCIALIST NEWS THE GLOBE AROUND



THROUGHOUT AMERICA

With the discharge of Dan P. Farrell, the Socialist speaker, who was arrested on August 19 for speaking on the street corner of Dayton, O., the Socialists of that city have won their third fight for free speech. The discharge was due largely to public sentiment.

Not a line was mentioned by the Associated Press about the Socialist vote in Maine. The reason is plain. Excepting in a few small places, the Socialists made gains. In Biddeford, Freeport, Bath, Warren, Union, Brighton, Old Orchard and

other places the Socialist vote was more than doubled and increases were also made in other towns.

The following is the working program adopted by the state convention of the Socialists of Connecticut:

1. The gradual reduction of the hours of the workday, in proportion to the increased power of production, and progressively increased remuneration.
2. The state shall take steps toward securing the ownership and control of the railroads and all other monopolies and these to be managed in the interests of all the people.
3. Equal economic and political rights for men and women.
4. The absolute prohibition of child labor under the age of 18 years.
5. The enactment of an employers liability law.
6. Judges, United States senators and all other important public officials whose offices are now appointive, to be made elective and subject to recall.
7. That the state shall furnish work for its unemployed and shall make adequate provisions for the sick, old, disabled, and orphans and widows.
8. Direct legislation through the initiative and referendum and direct recall.
9. A system of representation in accordance with the population.
10. The abolition of capital punishment.
11. Home rule for the cities and towns.

Dates for National Organizers.

- John W. Brown—Oct. 4, 5, Nevada; 6, Salt Lake city; Utah; 7, Ogden; 8, Evanston, Wyo; 9, Rock Springs; 10, Laramie.
- Thomas L. Buie—Oct. 4 to 10, Nebraska, at large.
- D. Burgess—Oct. 4 to 10 Montana.
- Stanley J. Clark—Oct. 4 to 10, New York.
- John Collins—Oct. 4 to 10, Montana.
- Geo. H. Goebel—Oct. 4, Grand Junction, Colo.; 5, Aspen; 6, Leadville; 7, Denver; 8, Boulder; 9, Ft. Collins; 10, Wray.
- Winfield R. Gaylord—Oct. 4 to 10, Wisconsin.
- Gertrude B. Hunt—Oct. 4 to 10, Indiana.
- Geo. R. Kirkpatrick—Oct. 4, Portland, Ore.; 5, Grant's Pass; 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, California.
- Ralph Kormgold—Oct. 4 to 10, Washington.

FROM OTHER LANDS

The British government now proposes an amendment to its miners' eight-hour bill so that for five years the maximum working day of the miner shall be nine hours from bank to bank—which will give an average of eight and one-half hours a man a day—and that on the termination of those five years the eight-hour bill as it now stands shall come into force. Briefly, the object is to bring about the change in two stages instead of one, with the belief that the more or less gradual change will take place without any serious effect on the market. The labor party is unwilling to accept the compromise proposed by the government and a battle in parliament is looked for.

Socialists in the canton of Bern, Switzerland, won another seat in the legislative chamber in a special election, making a total of sixteen.

Tom J. Lewis—Oct. 4, Orofino, Idaho; 5, Nez Perce; 6 to 10, Oregon.

Lena M. Lewis—Oct. 4, McCook, Neb.; 5, Alma; 6, Franklin; 7, Hastings; 8, Beatrice; 9, Lincoln; 10, So. Omaha.

Guy E. Miller—Oct. 4 to 10, New York.

Edward Morgan—Oct. 4 to 10, New Jersey.

Harry McKee—Oct. 4 to 10, Idaho.

R. A. Maynard—Oct. 4 to 10, Iowa.

Clinton H. Pierce—Oct. 4, Walton, Ky.; 5, Williamstown; 6, 7, Georgetown; 8, 9, Frankfort; 10, Lexington.

Margaret Prevey—Oct. 4, Goshen, Utah; 5, Eureka; 6, Toole; 7, Salt Lake City; 8, Murray; 9, Ogden.

Sumner W. Rose—Oct. 4, Fruitdale, Ala.; 5, Whistler; 7, New Orleans, La.; 8, Morgan City; 9, Jeanerette; 10, Lafayette.

W. E. Rodriguez—Oct. 4 to 10, Wisconsin.

M. W. Wilkins—Oct. 4 to 10, Illinois.

Dan A. White—Oct. 4, Benson, Ariz.; 5, Bisbee; 6, Douglas; 7, Rodeo; 8, 9, 10, Texas.

G. W. Woodbey—Oct. 5, 6, Bridgeport, Conn.; 7, Ansonia; 8, Danbury; 9, Waterbury; 10, New Britain.

A. Wagenknecht—Oct. 4 to 10, Missouri.

J. Mahlon Barnes, Nat. Sec. 180 Washington St., Chicago.

If you are looking for printing of the better sort—the kind that attracts attention and brings business, you will ask us to give you figures. We strive to please. The Co-operative Printery, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.

A vote for Debs and Hanford is a vote for humanity!

Red Special Itinerary for Next Week. OCT 5—MONDAY.

New York—Leave 6 a.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.

Danbury—Arrive 8 a.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 8:30 a.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 10:30 a.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 12:10 p.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 2:10 p.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 4:30 p.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 5:05 p.m. B. & A. Ry.; leave 5:40 p.m. B. & A. Ry.; evening meeting.

OCT 6—TUESDAY.

Boston—Leave 9:05 a.m. B. & M. Ry. Lowell—Arrive 9:45 a.m. B. & M. Ry.; leave 10:25.

Nashua—Arrive 10:50 a.m. B. & M. Ry.; leave 11:25 a.m.

SOMETHING DIFFERENT

The Christian Socialist, 563 Drexel avenue, Chicago, Ill., is unique among Socialist papers. Thoroughly class-conscious and revolutionary, it is also religious and is making great inroads into the church. Every wide-awake Socialist and Socialist sympathizer needs it to keep up with the times. Fifty cents per year, three months for \$1.00.

Social-Democratic Herald—Business Dept.

Address all communications, money orders, etc., to the

MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING CO.

Telephone Office 2204. Private Telephone 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

When remitting money, please specify the name of the person or department desired.

M. W. BISTORIUS, Business Manager

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

National Edition, 4 pages—One year, 60 cents; six months, 35 cents. No paper sent to any address unless paid in advance.

Wisconsin Edition (including Milwaukee) 8 pages—One year, \$1.00; six months, 50 cents.

Without having subscribed, you receive it, then it has been subscribed and paid for by a friend. Foreign subscription, 4 pages, \$1.00, 8 pages, \$1.50.

BUNDLE RATES.

NATIONAL EDITION—4 Pages. 100 copies or more, per bundle, \$1.00. 1000 copies or more, per bundle, \$5.00.

WISCONSIN EDITION—8 Pages. 100 copies or more, per bundle, \$1.00. 1000 copies or more, per bundle, \$5.00. (In Milwaukee, only 2 called for) .. 6.00

WEEKLY BUNDLES.

Five copies, 3 months, to one address, \$1.00. Ten copies, 3 months, to one address, \$1.50. Five copies, one year, to one address, \$3.00. Ten copies, one year, to one address, \$5.00. Advertising rates furnished on application. We reserve the right to terminate any advertising contract without notice.

Receipts for Remittances on Subscriptions are acknowledged by THE NUMBER ON THE WRAPPER. Separate receipts are never sent.

Manchester—Arrive 11:55 a.m. B. & M. Ry.; leave 1:55 p.m. Concord—Arrive 2:55 p.m. B. & M. Ry.; evening meeting.

OCT 7—WEDNESDAY.

Concord—Leave 9 a.m. B. & M. Ry. Lawrence—Arrive 10:20 a.m. B. & M. Ry.; leave 11:02 a.m. Haverhill—Arrive 11:45 a.m. B. & M. Ry.; leave 1:15 p.m. Lowell—Arrive 1:50 p.m. B. & M. Ry.; leave 1:55 p.m. Woburn—Arrive 2:55 p.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 3:25 p.m. Franklin—Arrive 3:35 p.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 4:05 p.m. Providence—Arrive 5:05 p.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; evening meeting.

OCT 8—THURSDAY.

Providence—Leave 8:55 a.m. N. Y. N. H. & H. Plainfield—Arrive 9:45 a.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 10:10 a.m. Williamstown—Arrive 10:40 a.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 11:10 a.m. Manchester—Arrive 11:55 a.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 12:10 p.m. Hartford, Conn.—Arrive 1:00 p.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 2:30 p.m. New Britain—Arrive 2:48 p.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 3:20 p.m. Meriden—Arrive 3:38 p.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 4:08 p.m.

New Haven—Arrive 4:35 p.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; evening meeting.

OCT 9—FRIDAY.

New Haven—Leave 11:45 a.m. N. Y. N. H. & H. Woodmont—Arrive 12:00 noon, N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 12:30 p.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 1:10 p.m. Stratford—Arrive 1:20 p.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 1:50 p.m. Bridgeport—Arrive 2:00 p.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; evening meeting.

OCT 10—SATURDAY.

Bridgeport—Leave 8 a.m. N. Y. N. H. & H. Stamford—Arrive 8:35 a.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 9:10 a.m. Port Chester—Arrive 9:25 a.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 9:55 a.m. New Rochelle—Arrive 10:10 a.m. N. Y. N. H. & H.; leave 11:30 a.m. Jersey City—Arrive 4:00 p.m. ferry Trenton—Arrive 6:15 p.m. C. R. R. of N. J.; evening meeting.

OCT 11—SUNDAY.

Trenton—Leave 10 a.m. P. & R. Ry. Philadelphia—Arrive 12 noon, P. & R. Ry.; afternoon meeting. Evening meeting at Camden, N. J.

THE FIVE THOUSAND CLUB.

High Water mark this week, comrades, and we are correspondingly happy. There were 82 new subs from Milwaukee city alone, and when it comes to renewals this is the way they talk: "Yes, you bet I will," said Comrade Watson of Whitewater, Wis.

Comrade Damrose, Fond du Lac, started this trouble with seven of them, followed by Boydston of Texas with a pair.

Comrade Robins, Dodge county, Minn., was too busy to go out and get scalps, and so just ordered the HERALD for two anyway.

Comrade Sassaman heaved a couple over the plate from Allentown, Pa., and Comrade Dragon of New Orleans immediately followed suit.

That war horse of Socialism, C. Sandburg reports every week. Two-bagger this time.

National Organizer Goebel is making lots of trouble for the capitalistic anarchists of Colorado, and the HERALD list grows week by week.

Comrade Quinter, Pottstown, Pa., came sailing in with a bunch of ten. He got a bundle last time. Guess that's going some.

Please send me the HERALD from Sept. 1, one copy of "S. D. Foundations" and a book catalogue, in the way Comrade Baker of Beet, Mont., puts it.

Comrade Pink, Prairie du Chien, orders HERALDS for himself and two more. He comes bringing his sheaves with him. Good.

Iowa is a Republican state, but that party is sadly disrupted there at the present time, and Comrade Farber of Eldorado put five HERALDS at work to help them to a knowledge of real patriotism and industrial truth.

Comrade Kennedy, Jerome, Ariz., pays for four sub-cards, a bundle of HERALDS and sends in eleven new ones, one of which goes to a reading room; Kennedy certainly knows how.

There's another Kennedy in the University of Chicago. May the Kennedy class prosper exceedingly.

Comrade Cohen, Philadelphia, enters the club and starts with a two-bagger. Welcome, comrade.

Jobs are scarce, and the boys don't know where they will be next day, writes Comrade Zimmerman from Pierce, Idaho, but gets in with three yearlies anyway. Pierce is away up the mountains off the railroad, but there are lots of Socialists in the Clearwater region.

Here is a list of hustlers who reported this week from one sub to half a dozen. Dittman, New Haven, Conn.; Anderson, Marinette; Flesching, Milwaukee; Charney, Menominee, W. A. Jacobs.

Also the following comrades in Milwaukee: Paul, Andrea, Mueller, Hodge, Wiganowsky, Krantz, St. Clair, Hunchman, Harbicht, Kenckow, Rosenberg, Schneider, Gauer, Plehn, Schmidt, Eckelman, Poor and Wal-lager.

That makes up a noble list for this week and shows the caliber of the 5,000 club, which is the mainstay of the HERALD. It is such work that is brightening the labor skies and carries hope for the toil-burdened masses. Fight on, comrades, it is the greatest battle for justice and right that the world has ever known, and our efforts will be grandly rewarded.

"A LITTLE BROTHER OF THE RICH"

By Joseph Medill Patterson Bound in cloth, postpaid, \$1.50

Get Upton Sinclair's Latest **"THE MONEY CHANGERS"** By Upton Sinclair Cloth, postpaid, \$1.50

"The Uprising of the Many"

CHARLES EDWARD RUSSELL'S STUDY OF CO-OPERATION, PUBLIC OWNERSHIP AND INDUSTRIAL DEMOCRACY AT HOME AND ABROAD.

From the tyranny and corruption of the masters of the world, as exposed in "The Greatest Trust in the World" and "Lawless Wealth," Mr. Russell turns here to the constructive efforts of the workers of the world. Price \$1.50—THIS OFFICE.

SAY!

NOW IS THE TIME—NOW, during these hard and uncertain times—to make appeal to your friends, and the voters in general, and to show them that the incentive capitalism places before them is a base one. It only teaches one, to get something for nothing—simply a desire to "get there."

Incentive Under Capitalism

is a pamphlet showing in a clear and practical way, what a farcical thing it is to speak of "pure incentive" under capitalism. It will enable you to present these facts to others with telling effect, and then it will not only be instructive to you, but will place you at a position to enlighten others who are still in the dark. The people are open to conviction, destruction of getting at the facts is presented in a paper-way. Let them have the truth! You cannot afford to be without this little booklet.

Price 5c—25 for \$1.00 At the Office—344 Sixth Street

Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee

HEADQUARTERS—318 STATE STREET
TELEPHONE—GRAND 1742
 Meets Every First and Third Wednesday (3 P. M.) at
 Free Gemeinde Hall, Fourth St., Bet. Cedar and State
OFFICERS:
 Corresponding Secretary—JOHN RICHERT, 318 State St.
 Recording Secretary—FREDERICK HEATH, 144 Sixth St.
 Treasurer—HENRY HOPPE, 812 Chambers St.
 Sergeant-at-Arms—MICHAEL WEISENFELDER, 1877 Louis Ave.
Business Agent—FRANK J. WEBER, 318 State St.
EXECUTIVE BOARD—John J. Handley, Charles E. Jeske, William Coleman, Henry
 Busch, John Rader, Walter S. Fisher, Leonard Dorn.
LABOR SECTION: Meets 2d and 4th Thursday evenings at 318 State St. Frank J. Victoria,
 c/o St. Charles Hotel Barber Shop, Secretary, 144 5th St., Chairman.
BUILDING TRADES SECTION: Meets 2d and 4th Thursday at 318 State St. Henry
 Rumpel, 7th Sec., Fred Heller, 518 State St., Sec. and Cor. Sec.



THE COURTS have decided that we may not boycott our enemies—though they
 are as likely to blacklist and refuse to do the right of working for
 the bread which our families must daily have. We still have
 left a few rights, one of which is refusing goods not bearing

Union Barber Shops

Always
 see that
 this card
 is dis-
 played in
 the shop
 before
 you get a
 shave or
 haircut.

ADAM'S SHAVING PARLOR

The Model Hair Dresser 609 Chestnut St.
Al. F. Baganz HOT AND COLD
 BATHS
 A Good Line of
 FINE CIGARS
SHAVING PARLOR
 1002 Kinnickinnic Ave.—Cor. Lincoln

FRED. GROSSE

FINE
 LINE OF
 CIGARS
Shaving Parlor
 577 E. Water St.

J. N. GAUER

SHAVING PARLOR
 806 KINNICKINNIC AVENUE 806
 Opposite South Bay St.

AND COME TO HAMMEN'S BARBER SHOP

Kwicker Kickin
 141 NORTH AVE.

H. KUHN'S BARBER SHOP

First-Class Work Guaranteed.
 452 REED STREET, Corner Scott

LANGE & WELLS BARBER SHOP

281 Third St.
 Corner State Street
 Under Kurtz Brothers

H. C. MUNDT SHAVING PARLOR

166 LLOYD ST.
 Fine Line of Union Cigars

H. SCHIRER Barber Shop

Fine Line of CIGARS
 1203 Chestnut Street

ST. CHARLES HOTEL

Barber Shop and Bath Rooms
 EMIL TREIBER, Proprietor

A. W. HAAS

Fresh and Salt Meats
 211 HOWELL
 AVENUE 211

OTTO E. FISCHER HATTER

AND
 GENTS'
 FURNISHING
 Thirteenth and Villet Sts.

BORCHARDT BROS. TAILORS

and GENTS' FURNISHERS
 347-349 Grove Street MILWAUKEE, WIS.
 Phone 8, 10412

JOB PRINTING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES

We do all kinds of neat and up-to-date
 printing, such as Catalogues, Con-
 ceptions, Price Lists, Bill Heads, Pro-
 grams, Wedding Invitations, Posters,
 Letter Heads, Business Cards, etc.
 We do First Class Book-binding,
 Electrotyping and Stereotyping.

Germania Job Department

West Water and Wells Streets

SMOKE TANPANOLA

Manufactured by
 HERMAN RUECH
 678 SIXTH
 AVENUE
 TELEPHONE
 SOUTH 6112

10c CIGAR

TO SEE WELL
 CONSULT
REINHARD
 ARTIFICIAL EYES
 INSERTED
 200 GRAND AVE.

FRANK KORSCH

683 GREENFIELD
 AVENUE
 Saloon and
 Meeting Hall

J. W. NIEMANN FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Telephone South 55
 1001 KINNICKINNIC AVENUE

C. D. WAUGH

REPAIR OPTICIAN
 805 GRAND AVE.
 When You Can't See We'll See Waugh

EVERT VOTH UNDERTAKER

and
 LAMB
 ASSISTANT
 Phone 38, 39
 425 Grove St.

E. BACHMANN

and
 CIGARS
 341 Third Street—Near North Avenue

A. W. STREHLOW

Paints and Decorative
 Painting, Paperhanging
 and Calcutting
 Graining and Hardwood
 Finishing, Etc., Etc.
 1193 Tontonia Avenue
 MILWAUKEE, WIS.

DR. T. F. MATHEWS DENTIST

(Formerly
 with Dr. W.
 G. Young) is now LOCATED IN
 Martin Building, 211 Grand Avenue
 CONGRATULATE YOUR PATIENTS IN
 BEAUTIFULLY SOLICITED.
 HOURS—8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. Tues-
 day, Thursday and Saturday with
 1 P.M. to 5 P.M. to 10 P.M.
 TELEPHONE GRAND 5555

THE WORKER'S VOTE.

During the next few months the
 union laboring man will be the at-
 traction most dear to the politician,
 and he will hear more about the
 cause of the late panic, the stagna-
 tion of industries that has caused so
 much idleness and even misery, than
 he ever did before, and he will be
 asked to support the party nominees
 of all parties, with the request for
 union support will be coupled the
 same old rank line of promises that
 we have heard for years. The same
 old gag is used in every campaign
 —and it generally works.

As far as the editor of *The Journal*
 is concerned, we do not see that
 we will be benefitted to any great
 degree by the change in administra-
 tion at Washington, be it either Taft
 or Bryan. We have lived and
 toiled under both a Republican and
 Democratic administration and the
 effect on our pocketbook does not
 show any difference. We have
 lived and are still at work digging
 for the almighty dollar along with
 the rest of mankind, and we expect
 to keep pegging away until the un-
 der-taker gets in his work on our
 carcass.

If the voters of the country
 would dig some of the dust of
 bigotry out of their eyes and get
 awake to the fact that their only
 salvation is in the men who they
 send to Washington to make the
 laws, and then vote to put such men
 in these positions, then will some
 benefit be likely to come to the
 front.

The voters of the present day will
 only see the sunlight of prosperity
 when they take a hand in the gov-
 ernment.

The state of Pennsylvania has of
 late become better known than ever
 and her shame has been wafted to
 the corners of the earth. In com-
 mon with the history of the birth-
 place of independence is heard the
 evidence as brought out in the trial
 of state grangers, and it is only seen
 too plain that the voters of the state
 placed in positions of trust men who
 were dishonest in mind and
 practice.

The people of the commonwealth
 of Pennsylvania are the ones who
 are responsible for the looting of
 the Keystone state treasury and it
 cannot be figured otherwise.—
Easton, (Pa.) Journal (Labor).

THE ALABAMA OUTRAGE.

The miners' strike in Alabama
 has been officially called off after
 the most bitter struggle ever seen
 on the industrial field in the south,
 if not in this country.

Hundreds have been arrested,
 many killed, women outraged,
 thousands have been evicted and
 every torture known to savagery
 has been resorted to by the hired
 Hessians of the coal companies in
 order that the god of profit and the
 rights—or rather the wrongs—of
 private property should not be in-
 terfered with. All these were en-
 dured patiently by the miners and
 their families. They lived in tents
 furnished by the United Mine
 Workers and on land leased by that
 organization, and ate the food pur-
 chased by the union.

Then the corporation stool pigeon,
 who disgraces the governor's chair,
 his own wealth dripping with the
 sweat, blood and tears of women
 and children working on his planta-
 tion and in his cotton factory, was
 appealed to. This good old Demo-
 cratic governor, with all the zeal
 and friendship for labor possessed
 by all the Democrats (so Gompers
 says) let himself and the state
 militia to the mine owners, and they
 began cutting down the tents of the
 striking miners, leaving them with-
 out shelter from the elements, ex-
 posed to sun and rain.

The miners under the decision of
 the "governor," must either go to
 work at wages that will not permit
 them to live—a reduction of 17 per-
 cent—or go to jail or leave the
 state, as we are not permitted to
 shelter them under tents.

In Colorado we had Republican
 Peabody and in Alabama we have

Organized Labor

Werner, Edward, 973 Kinnickinnic
 Cudahy, Wis.
 Burdekl, A. 804 Layton Ave.
 Foran, J. A.
 Fisher, Wm., Puckert av.
 South Milwaukee, Wis.
 Albera, C. J. Ronkowski, C.
 Holt, J. Hofer, J. M.
 Kalb, W. J., Milwaukee House.
 Sheboygan, Wis.
 Bahler, Fred, 724 South 14th st.
 Schwitzgoebel, John, 2131 N. 15th St.
 Manitowoc, Wis.
 Kaufmann, Jno., 1604 Washington
 Bornekl, Joe, 2007 Marshall st.
 Vogel, A. C., 1204 Washington st.
 Beau, Geo. W., 1404 Washington st.
 Hartford, Wis.
 Ahrendt, A. Sprender, A. A.
 Hilt, Geo.
 Norway, Mich.
 DeClair, Leon.
UNION HACK DRIVERS.
 The following liverymen in Milwau-
 kee can furnish union drivers on re-
 quest. Their barns are not unionized,
 but they employ some union men.
 When ordering a rig insist on a union
 driver:
 Best, Arthur J., 281 Reed st.
 Czerwinski, M., 650 Fourth ave.
 Crocker, C. J., 1228 Grand av. rear.
 Feldmann, Chas., 1220 Garfield ave.
 Hartmann, George W., 709 Tenth st.
 Juneau Park Livery, 417 Marshall st.
 Kasik, Emil J., 1038 Fifth St.
 Kemper, Herman, 247 Reed st.
 Kohn, M. A., 850 Thirty-sixth st.
 Miller, Sam R., 539 Market st.
 Penfield & Moore, 509 Center st.
 Schmidt, 2425 Villet st.
 Tegen, William, 609 Tenth st.

Democratic Center. Take your choice.

Both represent capitalism. In one case we go to jail by the in-
 junction route; in another we are
 met with the shotgun and the maul-
 ser. Take your choice.

Both are the instruments of capital-
 ism.—Duncan McDonald, in
Miners' Magazine.

Union Barber Shops

UP TO DATE.

The following is a list of Union
 Barber Shops—See that your shop is
 on the list, or look up another.

West Side.

Austermann, A., 559 3rd st. e. Walnut
 Bartles, Henry, 48th and State.
 Beisner, J. C., 672 7th st.
 Benz, George, 1175 11th st.
 Betzhold Chas., 488 11th st.
 Breitwisch, F. C., 1167 21st St.
 Breutzmann, Ben., 2421 Walnut.
 Dettmann, Albert, 11th and Chestnut.
 Ebert, J., 2731 Sycamore st.
 Engel, Max, 1922 Cherry st.
 Fabry, J., 92 35th st.
 Belscher, J. P., 1422 Walnut st.
 Franz, Chas., 328 Chestnut.
 Frey, Adam, 1330 Cherry.
 Hammer, E. C., 141 North av.
 Hanschke, Albert, 2452 North av.
 Havemann, Theo., 663 Third St.
 Hilse, Chas., 503 Chestnut st.
 Holzapfel, G., 301 3rd st.
 Holzhauser, Peter, 1031 Winnebago.
 Hoehner, L. A. Union Depot Barber
 Shop.

Huber, Hans, 470 11th st.

Kammiller, A. G., 273 4th St.
 Kaufmann, Adam, 609 Chestnut
 Klingler, D., 1920 Chambers St.
 Lange & Wells, 281 Third St.
 Munde, H. C., 468 Lloyd st.
 O'Haire, Geo. J., 501 12th St.
 Petri, Richard, 2922 Clybourn st.
 Polaski, J., 614 35th st.
 Reple, Val, 1531 Cherry st.
 Rietz, A. E., 125 State.
 Rndel, W., Fortich and Grand Av.
 Schaller, E., 343 Third st.
 Schirer, Herman, 1203 Chestnut.
 Schmidt, John, 1408 Cherry.
 Schoenecker, F., 1726 Walnut.
 Schoenecker, J. C., 1215 Villet.
 Sery, J., 2816 Clybourn st.
 Sprank, J., 1441 Fond du Lac ave.
 Urban, C., 627 Grand Av.
 Urban, George, 1006 Lisbon av.
 Wellhausen, J. C., 443 3rd st.
 Wengert, R. T., 1510 North av.
 Weissert, Frank, 3253 State st.
 Wittenberg, F., 525 Grand av.
 Zeidler, M. W., 89 16th st.

East Side.

Bornhoe, A., 637 1/2 E. Water st.
 Curtis, R. A., 205 Wisconsin st.
 D'Amico, Antonio, 370 Milwaukee st.
 Grosse, F., 573 East Water st.
 Gossman, F., Blatz Hotel.
 Heilmann, Chas. P., 85 Masor
 Klett, Edward, 669 Market.
 Kozminski, Frank, 841 Franklin st.
 Korte, D., 384 Brady st.
 Rogozinski, M. W., 163 Michigan st.
 Schmidt, B., 683 Market st.
 Schmidt, C., 338 Brady st.
 Trieb, Emil, St. Charles Hotel.

South Side.

Agente, P., 116 Clinton st.
 Baer, W., 511 Seventh ave.
 Bauer, A., 424 National ave.
 Boco, Geo., 201 Grove.
 Brockmann, H., 504 11th ave.
 Conway & Cale, S. Y. M. C. A. Bldg.
 Davey, W., 534 National av.
 Baganz, Al. F., 1002 Kinnickinnic Av.
 Drensen, J. W., 137 1/2 Reed st.
 Frank, M., 682 Scott st.
 Friedel, F., 699 Greenfield av.
 Gatz, J. A., 937 Kinnickinnic av.
 Hantz, L., 1253 Kinnickinnic av.
 Holmes, Wm., 217 Ellen st.
 Joest, E. A., 35 11th st.
 Kammerer, P., Oklahoma & Lowell
 avenues.
 Kemper, E., 207 Florida st.
 Kuhn, H., 452 Reed st.
 Kuntz, H. P., Sixteenth and National.
 Perlich, S., 272 Reed st.
 Reith, Joe., 409 Clinton st.
 Seash, W., 345 1st st.
 Shaw, J. M., 700 Forest Home Ave.
 Smith, William, 835 Kinnickinnic.
 Thomas, C. G., 1224 Kinnickinnic av.

THE UNION LABEL

Wage Earners
 Wake Up!
 Join the Union of
 your craft and the
 party of your class
 —always demand
 the UNION LABEL—
 on Shop Labels—
 eat your battles
 out your ballots
 for emancipation
 from wage slavery

Mineral Waters

Soda
 Water
 Weiss
 Beer
 Telephone
 Main 177

Special Attention Given to Picnic and Society Orders

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

Wash Day Use

EAGLE BLUING goes twice as far as other
 blues and restores the
 color in linen, lace and
 goods that are worn and faded.

EAGLE AMMONIA makes your clothes
 cleaner and whiter,
 with less rubbing and
 labor than ever before. Try them.

ASK YOUR GROCER

UNION HAT CO.

THE BEST
 \$2 To \$3
 Dollar Hats \$3

All Union Made
 224 GRAND AVE.

First-Class Work at Moderate Prices

Huebschen's Studio High-Art Photography
 5710 NORTH AVE.
 Pictures Enlarged and Frames
 Made to Order

J. C. MUELLER DRUGGIST

PURE DRUGS
 Eleventh and Greenfield Avenues

F. G. FRISCH

Telephone
 South 5555
 Cutler
 Grinder
 and
 Grinders
 Drop me a postal
 and I will call for the work.
 (Residence at)
 4124 Mitchell St.

DR. T. F. MATHEWS DENTIST

(Formerly
 with Dr. W.
 G. Young) is now LOCATED IN
 Martin Building, 211 Grand Avenue
 CONGRATULATE YOUR PATIENTS IN
 BEAUTIFULLY SOLICITED.
 HOURS—8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. Tues-
 day, Thursday and Saturday with
 1 P.M. to 5 P.M. to 10 P.M.
 TELEPHONE GRAND 5555

SMOKE TANPANOLA

Manufactured by
 HERMAN RUECH
 678 SIXTH
 AVENUE
 TELEPHONE
 SOUTH 6112

10c CIGAR

TO SEE WELL
 CONSULT
REINHARD
 ARTIFICIAL EYES
 INSERTED
 200 GRAND AVE.

FRANK KORSCH

683 GREENFIELD
 AVENUE
 Saloon and
 Meeting Hall

J. W. NIEMANN FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Telephone South 55
 1001 KINNICKINNIC AVENUE

C. D. WAUGH

REPAIR OPTICIAN
 805 GRAND AVE.
 When You Can't See We'll See Waugh

EVERT VOTH UNDERTAKER

and
 LAMB
 ASSISTANT
 Phone 38, 39
 425 Grove St.

E. BACHMANN

and
 CIGARS
 341 Third Street—Near North Avenue

A. W. STREHLOW

Paints and Decorative
 Painting, Paperhanging
 and Calcutting
 Graining and Hardwood
 Finishing, Etc., Etc.
 1193 Tontonia Avenue
 MILWAUKEE, WIS.

DR. T. F. MATHEWS DENTIST

(Formerly
 with Dr. W.
 G. Young) is now LOCATED IN
 Martin Building, 211 Grand Avenue
 CONGRATULATE YOUR PATIENTS IN
 BEAUTIFULLY SOLICITED.
 HOURS—8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. Tues-
 day, Thursday and Saturday with
 1 P.M. to 5 P.M. to 10 P.M.
 TELEPHONE GRAND 5555

SMOKE TANPANOLA

Manufactured by
 HERMAN RUECH
 678 SIXTH
 AVENUE
 TELEPHONE
 SOUTH 6112

10c CIGAR

TO SEE WELL
 CONSULT
REINHARD
 ARTIFICIAL EYES
 INSERTED
 200 GRAND AVE.

FRANK KORSCH

683 GREENFIELD
 AVENUE
 Saloon and
 Meeting Hall

J. W. NIEMANN FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Telephone South 55
 1001 KINNICKINNIC AVENUE

C. D. WAUGH

REPAIR OPTICIAN
 805 GRAND AVE.
 When You Can't See We'll See Waugh

EVERT VOTH UNDERTAKER

and
 LAMB
 ASSISTANT
 Phone 38, 39
 425 Grove St.

E. BACHMANN

and
 CIGARS
 341 Third Street—Near North Avenue

A. W. STREHLOW

Paints and Decorative
 Painting, Paperhanging
 and Calcutting
 Graining and Hardwood
 Finishing, Etc., Etc.
 1193 Tontonia Avenue
 MILWAUKEE, WIS.

DR. T. F. MATHEWS DENTIST

(Formerly
 with Dr. W.
 G. Young) is now LOCATED IN
 Martin Building, 211 Grand Avenue
 CONGRATULATE YOUR PATIENTS IN
 BEAUTIFULLY SOLICITED.
 HOURS—8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. Tues-
 day, Thursday and Saturday with
 1 P.M. to 5 P.M. to 10 P.M.
 TELEPHONE GRAND 5555

SMOKE TANPANOLA

Manufactured by
 HERMAN RUECH
 678 SIXTH
 AVENUE
 TELEPHONE
 SOUTH 6112

10c CIGAR

TO SEE WELL
 CONSULT
REINHARD
 ARTIFICIAL EYES
 INSERTED
 200 GRAND AVE.

FRANK KORSCH

683 GREENFIELD
 AVENUE
 Saloon and
 Meeting Hall

J. W. NIEMANN FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Telephone South 55
 1001 KINNICKINNIC

LISTEN

A NEW EDISON PHONOGRAPH and a New Record Now On Sale

COME IN AND HEAR IT

It Plays from Four to Five Minutes!

GEO. H. EICHHOLZ
1340-1342 Fond du Lac Avenue 463-465 Mitchell Street

Notice of General Election

STATE OF WISCONSIN, DEPARTMENT OF STATE, 1st. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT at a General Election to be held in the several Towns, Wards, Villages and Election Districts of the State of Wisconsin on the first Tuesday of November, A.D. 1909, being the third day of said month, the following officers are to be elected:

A Governor, in place of James O. Davidson, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A.D. 1909.
A Lieutenant Governor, in place of W. D. Connor, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A.D. 1909.
A Secretary of State, in place of James A. Fry, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A.D. 1909.
A State Treasurer, in place of Andrew H. Gile, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A.D. 1909.
An Attorney General, in place of Frank L. Gable, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A.D. 1909.
A Commissioner of Insurance, in place of George E. Beedle, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A.D. 1909.
A Representative in Congress from the Fourth Congressional District, consisting of the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh, Eighth and Twentieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee, County of Milwaukee, City of Wauwatosa, City of South Milwaukee, City of West Allis, City of Cudahy, Village of West Milwaukee, Town of Lake, Town of Oak Creek, Town of Franklin, Town of Greendale and Town of Wauwatosa.
A Representative in Congress from the First Congressional District, consisting of the First, Sixth, Ninth, Tenth, Thirteenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first and Twenty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee, together with the following subdivisions of Milwaukee County, City of Wauwatosa, Village of Whitefish Bay, Village of East Milwaukee, Town of Milwaukee, and the City of Greendale.
A State Senator for the Fourth Senate District, consisting of the First, Thirteenth, Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards of the City of Milwaukee, the Towns of Greendale and Milwaukee, East Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay.
A State Senator for the Sixth Senate District, consisting of the Ninth, Tenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A State Senator for the Eighth Senate District, consisting of the Fifth, Eighth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth and Fourteenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the First Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the First and Eighteenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Second and Sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Thirty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Thirty-third, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Tenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Eleventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Forty-first, Forty-second, Forty-third and Forty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Twelfth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Thirteenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Forty-ninth, Fiftieth, Fifty-first and Fifty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fourteenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Fifty-third, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fifteenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Fifty-seventh, Fifty-eighth, Fifty-ninth and Sixtieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Sixteenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Sixty-first, Sixty-second, Sixty-third and Sixty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Seventeenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Sixty-fifth, Sixty-sixth, Sixty-seventh and Sixty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Eighteenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Sixty-ninth, Seventieth, Seventy-first and Seventy-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Nineteenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Seventy-third, Seventy-fourth, Seventy-fifth and Seventy-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Twentieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Seventy-seventh, Seventy-eighth, Seventy-ninth and Eightieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Twenty-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Eighty-first, Eighty-second, Eighty-third and Eighty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Twenty-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Eighty-fifth, Eighty-sixth, Eighty-seventh and Eighty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Twenty-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Eighty-ninth, Ninetieth, Ninety-first and Ninety-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Twenty-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Ninety-third, Ninety-fourth, Ninety-fifth and Ninety-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Twenty-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Ninety-seventh, Ninety-eighth, Ninety-ninth and One hundredth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Twenty-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred first, One hundred second, One hundred third and One hundred fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Twenty-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred fifth, One hundred sixth, One hundred seventh and One hundred eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Twenty-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred ninth, One hundred tenth, One hundred eleventh and One hundred twelfth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Twenty-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred thirteenth, One hundred fourteenth, One hundred fifteenth and One hundred sixteenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Thirtieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred seventeenth, One hundred eighteenth, One hundred nineteenth and One hundred twentieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Thirty-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred twenty-first, One hundred twenty-second, One hundred twenty-third and One hundred twenty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Thirty-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred twenty-fifth, One hundred twenty-sixth, One hundred twenty-seventh and One hundred twenty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Thirty-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred twenty-ninth, One hundred thirtieth, One hundred thirty-first and One hundred thirty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Thirty-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred thirty-third, One hundred thirty-fourth, One hundred thirty-fifth and One hundred thirty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Thirty-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred thirty-seventh, One hundred thirty-eighth, One hundred thirty-ninth and One hundred fortieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Thirty-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred forty-first, One hundred forty-second, One hundred forty-third and One hundred forty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Thirty-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred forty-fifth, One hundred forty-sixth, One hundred forty-seventh and One hundred forty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Thirty-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred forty-ninth, One hundred fiftieth, One hundred fifty-first and One hundred fifty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Thirty-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred fifty-third, One hundred fifty-fourth, One hundred fifty-fifth and One hundred fifty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fortieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred fifty-seventh, One hundred fifty-eighth, One hundred fifty-ninth and One hundred sixtieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Forty-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred sixty-first, One hundred sixty-second, One hundred sixty-third and One hundred sixty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Forty-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred sixty-fifth, One hundred sixty-sixth, One hundred sixty-seventh and One hundred sixty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Forty-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred sixty-ninth, One hundred seventieth, One hundred seventy-first and One hundred seventy-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Forty-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred seventy-third, One hundred seventy-fourth, One hundred seventy-fifth and One hundred seventy-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Forty-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred seventy-seventh, One hundred seventy-eighth, One hundred seventy-ninth and One hundred eightieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Forty-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred eighty-first, One hundred eighty-second, One hundred eighty-third and One hundred eighty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Forty-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred eighty-fifth, One hundred eighty-sixth, One hundred eighty-seventh and One hundred eighty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Forty-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred eighty-ninth, One hundred ninetieth, One hundred ninety-first and One hundred ninety-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Forty-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred ninety-third, One hundred ninety-fourth, One hundred ninety-fifth and One hundred ninety-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fiftieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the One hundred ninety-seventh, One hundred ninety-eighth, One hundred ninety-ninth and Two hundredth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fifty-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred first, Two hundred second, Two hundred third and Two hundred fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fifty-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifth, Two hundred sixth, Two hundred seventh and Two hundred eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fifty-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninth, Two hundred tenth, Two hundred eleventh and Two hundred twelfth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fifty-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirteenth, Two hundred fourteenth, Two hundred fifteenth and Two hundred sixteenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fifty-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventeenth, Two hundred eighteenth, Two hundred nineteenth and Two hundred twentieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fifty-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-first, Two hundred twenty-second, Two hundred twenty-third and Two hundred twenty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fifty-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-fifth, Two hundred twenty-sixth, Two hundred twenty-seventh and Two hundred twenty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fifty-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-ninth, Two hundred thirtieth, Two hundred thirty-first and Two hundred thirty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Fifty-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirty-third, Two hundred thirty-fourth, Two hundred thirty-fifth and Two hundred thirty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Sixtieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirty-seventh, Two hundred thirty-eighth, Two hundred thirty-ninth and Two hundred fortieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Sixty-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-first, Two hundred forty-second, Two hundred forty-third and Two hundred forty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Sixty-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-fifth, Two hundred forty-sixth, Two hundred forty-seventh and Two hundred forty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Sixty-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-ninth, Two hundred fiftieth, Two hundred fifty-first and Two hundred fifty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Sixty-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifty-third, Two hundred fifty-fourth, Two hundred fifty-fifth and Two hundred fifty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Sixty-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifty-seventh, Two hundred fifty-eighth, Two hundred fifty-ninth and Two hundred sixtieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Sixty-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-first, Two hundred sixty-second, Two hundred sixty-third and Two hundred sixty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Sixty-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-fifth, Two hundred sixty-sixth, Two hundred sixty-seventh and Two hundred sixty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Sixty-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-ninth, Two hundred seventieth, Two hundred seventy-first and Two hundred seventy-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Sixty-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventy-third, Two hundred seventy-fourth, Two hundred seventy-fifth and Two hundred seventy-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Seventieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventy-seventh, Two hundred seventy-eighth, Two hundred seventy-ninth and Two hundred eightieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Seventy-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-first, Two hundred eighty-second, Two hundred eighty-third and Two hundred eighty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Seventy-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-fifth, Two hundred eighty-sixth, Two hundred eighty-seventh and Two hundred eighty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Seventy-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-ninth, Two hundred ninetieth, Two hundred ninety-first and Two hundred ninety-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Seventy-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninety-third, Two hundred ninety-fourth, Two hundred ninety-fifth and Two hundred ninety-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Seventy-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninety-seventh, Two hundred ninety-eighth, Two hundred ninety-ninth and Two hundredth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Seventy-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred first, Two hundred second, Two hundred third and Two hundred fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Seventy-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifth, Two hundred sixth, Two hundred seventh and Two hundred eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Seventy-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninth, Two hundred tenth, Two hundred eleventh and Two hundred twelfth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Seventy-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirteenth, Two hundred fourteenth, Two hundred fifteenth and Two hundred sixteenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Eightieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventeenth, Two hundred eighteenth, Two hundred nineteenth and Two hundred twentieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Eighty-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-first, Two hundred twenty-second, Two hundred twenty-third and Two hundred twenty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Eighty-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-fifth, Two hundred twenty-sixth, Two hundred twenty-seventh and Two hundred twenty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Eighty-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-ninth, Two hundred thirtieth, Two hundred thirty-first and Two hundred thirty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Eighty-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirty-third, Two hundred thirty-fourth, Two hundred thirty-fifth and Two hundred thirty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Eighty-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirty-seventh, Two hundred thirty-eighth, Two hundred thirty-ninth and Two hundred fortieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Eighty-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-first, Two hundred forty-second, Two hundred forty-third and Two hundred forty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Eighty-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-fifth, Two hundred forty-sixth, Two hundred forty-seventh and Two hundred forty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Eighty-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-ninth, Two hundred fiftieth, Two hundred fifty-first and Two hundred fifty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Eighty-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifty-third, Two hundred fifty-fourth, Two hundred fifty-fifth and Two hundred fifty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Ninetieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifty-seventh, Two hundred fifty-eighth, Two hundred fifty-ninth and Two hundred sixtieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Ninety-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-first, Two hundred sixty-second, Two hundred sixty-third and Two hundred sixty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Ninety-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-fifth, Two hundred sixty-sixth, Two hundred sixty-seventh and Two hundred sixty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Ninety-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-ninth, Two hundred seventieth, Two hundred seventy-first and Two hundred seventy-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Ninety-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventy-third, Two hundred seventy-fourth, Two hundred seventy-fifth and Two hundred seventy-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Ninety-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventy-seventh, Two hundred seventy-eighth, Two hundred seventy-ninth and Two hundred eightieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Ninety-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-first, Two hundred eighty-second, Two hundred eighty-third and Two hundred eighty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Ninety-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-fifth, Two hundred eighty-sixth, Two hundred eighty-seventh and Two hundred eighty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Ninety-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-ninth, Two hundred ninetieth, Two hundred ninety-first and Two hundred ninety-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Ninety-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninety-third, Two hundred ninety-fourth, Two hundred ninety-fifth and Two hundred ninety-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundredth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninety-seventh, Two hundred ninety-eighth, Two hundred ninety-ninth and Two hundredth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred first, Two hundred second, Two hundred third and Two hundred fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifth, Two hundred sixth, Two hundred seventh and Two hundred eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninth, Two hundred tenth, Two hundred eleventh and Two hundred twelfth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirteenth, Two hundred fourteenth, Two hundred fifteenth and Two hundred sixteenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventeenth, Two hundred eighteenth, Two hundred nineteenth and Two hundred twentieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-first, Two hundred twenty-second, Two hundred twenty-third and Two hundred twenty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-fifth, Two hundred twenty-sixth, Two hundred twenty-seventh and Two hundred twenty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-ninth, Two hundred thirtieth, Two hundred thirty-first and Two hundred thirty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirty-third, Two hundred thirty-fourth, Two hundred thirty-fifth and Two hundred thirty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred tenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirty-seventh, Two hundred thirty-eighth, Two hundred thirty-ninth and Two hundred fortieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred eleventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-first, Two hundred forty-second, Two hundred forty-third and Two hundred forty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred twelfth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-fifth, Two hundred forty-sixth, Two hundred forty-seventh and Two hundred forty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred thirteenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-ninth, Two hundred fiftieth, Two hundred fifty-first and Two hundred fifty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fourteenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifty-third, Two hundred fifty-fourth, Two hundred fifty-fifth and Two hundred fifty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fifteenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifty-seventh, Two hundred fifty-eighth, Two hundred fifty-ninth and Two hundred sixtieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred sixteenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-first, Two hundred sixty-second, Two hundred sixty-third and Two hundred sixty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred seventeenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-fifth, Two hundred sixty-sixth, Two hundred sixty-seventh and Two hundred sixty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred eighteenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-ninth, Two hundred seventieth, Two hundred seventy-first and Two hundred seventy-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred nineteenth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventy-third, Two hundred seventy-fourth, Two hundred seventy-fifth and Two hundred seventy-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred twentieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventy-seventh, Two hundred seventy-eighth, Two hundred seventy-ninth and Two hundred eightieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred twenty-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-first, Two hundred eighty-second, Two hundred eighty-third and Two hundred eighty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred twenty-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-fifth, Two hundred eighty-sixth, Two hundred eighty-seventh and Two hundred eighty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred twenty-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-ninth, Two hundred ninetieth, Two hundred ninety-first and Two hundred ninety-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred twenty-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninety-third, Two hundred ninety-fourth, Two hundred ninety-fifth and Two hundred ninety-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred twenty-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninety-seventh, Two hundred ninety-eighth, Two hundred ninety-ninth and Two hundredth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred twenty-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred first, Two hundred second, Two hundred third and Two hundred fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred twenty-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifth, Two hundred sixth, Two hundred seventh and Two hundred eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred twenty-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninth, Two hundred tenth, Two hundred eleventh and Two hundred twelfth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred twenty-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirteenth, Two hundred fourteenth, Two hundred fifteenth and Two hundred sixteenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred thirtieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventeenth, Two hundred eighteenth, Two hundred nineteenth and Two hundred twentieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred thirty-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-first, Two hundred twenty-second, Two hundred twenty-third and Two hundred twenty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred thirty-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-fifth, Two hundred twenty-sixth, Two hundred twenty-seventh and Two hundred twenty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred thirty-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-ninth, Two hundred thirtieth, Two hundred thirty-first and Two hundred thirty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred thirty-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirty-third, Two hundred thirty-fourth, Two hundred thirty-fifth and Two hundred thirty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred thirty-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirty-seventh, Two hundred thirty-eighth, Two hundred thirty-ninth and Two hundred fortieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred thirty-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-first, Two hundred forty-second, Two hundred forty-third and Two hundred forty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred thirty-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-fifth, Two hundred forty-sixth, Two hundred forty-seventh and Two hundred forty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred thirty-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-ninth, Two hundred fiftieth, Two hundred fifty-first and Two hundred fifty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred thirty-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifty-third, Two hundred fifty-fourth, Two hundred fifty-fifth and Two hundred fifty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fortieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifty-seventh, Two hundred fifty-eighth, Two hundred fifty-ninth and Two hundred sixtieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred forty-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-first, Two hundred sixty-second, Two hundred sixty-third and Two hundred sixty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred forty-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-fifth, Two hundred sixty-sixth, Two hundred sixty-seventh and Two hundred sixty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred forty-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-ninth, Two hundred seventieth, Two hundred seventy-first and Two hundred seventy-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred forty-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventy-third, Two hundred seventy-fourth, Two hundred seventy-fifth and Two hundred seventy-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred forty-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventy-seventh, Two hundred seventy-eighth, Two hundred seventy-ninth and Two hundred eightieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred forty-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-first, Two hundred eighty-second, Two hundred eighty-third and Two hundred eighty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred forty-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-fifth, Two hundred eighty-sixth, Two hundred eighty-seventh and Two hundred eighty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred forty-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-ninth, Two hundred ninetieth, Two hundred ninety-first and Two hundred ninety-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred forty-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninety-third, Two hundred ninety-fourth, Two hundred ninety-fifth and Two hundred ninety-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fiftieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninety-seventh, Two hundred ninety-eighth, Two hundred ninety-ninth and Two hundredth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fifty-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred first, Two hundred second, Two hundred third and Two hundred fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fifty-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifth, Two hundred sixth, Two hundred seventh and Two hundred eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fifty-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninth, Two hundred tenth, Two hundred eleventh and Two hundred twelfth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fifty-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirteenth, Two hundred fourteenth, Two hundred fifteenth and Two hundred sixteenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fifty-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventeenth, Two hundred eighteenth, Two hundred nineteenth and Two hundred twentieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fifty-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-first, Two hundred twenty-second, Two hundred twenty-third and Two hundred twenty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fifty-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-fifth, Two hundred twenty-sixth, Two hundred twenty-seventh and Two hundred twenty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fifty-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-ninth, Two hundred thirtieth, Two hundred thirty-first and Two hundred thirty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred fifty-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirty-third, Two hundred thirty-fourth, Two hundred thirty-fifth and Two hundred thirty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred sixtieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirty-seventh, Two hundred thirty-eighth, Two hundred thirty-ninth and Two hundred fortieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred sixty-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-first, Two hundred forty-second, Two hundred forty-third and Two hundred forty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred sixty-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-fifth, Two hundred forty-sixth, Two hundred forty-seventh and Two hundred forty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred sixty-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-ninth, Two hundred fiftieth, Two hundred fifty-first and Two hundred fifty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred sixty-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifty-third, Two hundred fifty-fourth, Two hundred fifty-fifth and Two hundred fifty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred sixty-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifty-seventh, Two hundred fifty-eighth, Two hundred fifty-ninth and Two hundred sixtieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred sixty-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-first, Two hundred sixty-second, Two hundred sixty-third and Two hundred sixty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred sixty-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-fifth, Two hundred sixty-sixth, Two hundred sixty-seventh and Two hundred sixty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred sixty-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-ninth, Two hundred seventieth, Two hundred seventy-first and Two hundred seventy-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred sixty-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventy-third, Two hundred seventy-fourth, Two hundred seventy-fifth and Two hundred seventy-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred seventieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventy-seventh, Two hundred seventy-eighth, Two hundred seventy-ninth and Two hundred eightieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred seventy-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-first, Two hundred eighty-second, Two hundred eighty-third and Two hundred eighty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred seventy-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-fifth, Two hundred eighty-sixth, Two hundred eighty-seventh and Two hundred eighty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred seventy-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-ninth, Two hundred ninetieth, Two hundred ninety-first and Two hundred ninety-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred seventy-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninety-third, Two hundred ninety-fourth, Two hundred ninety-fifth and Two hundred ninety-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred seventy-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninety-seventh, Two hundred ninety-eighth, Two hundred ninety-ninth and Two hundredth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred seventy-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred first, Two hundred second, Two hundred third and Two hundred fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred seventy-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifth, Two hundred sixth, Two hundred seventh and Two hundred eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred seventy-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninth, Two hundred tenth, Two hundred eleventh and Two hundred twelfth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred seventy-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirteenth, Two hundred fourteenth, Two hundred fifteenth and Two hundred sixteenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred eightieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventeenth, Two hundred eighteenth, Two hundred nineteenth and Two hundred twentieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred eighty-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-first, Two hundred twenty-second, Two hundred twenty-third and Two hundred twenty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred eighty-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-fifth, Two hundred twenty-sixth, Two hundred twenty-seventh and Two hundred twenty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred eighty-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred twenty-ninth, Two hundred thirtieth, Two hundred thirty-first and Two hundred thirty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred eighty-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirty-third, Two hundred thirty-fourth, Two hundred thirty-fifth and Two hundred thirty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred eighty-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred thirty-seventh, Two hundred thirty-eighth, Two hundred thirty-ninth and Two hundred fortieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred eighty-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-first, Two hundred forty-second, Two hundred forty-third and Two hundred forty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred eighty-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-fifth, Two hundred forty-sixth, Two hundred forty-seventh and Two hundred forty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred eighty-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred forty-ninth, Two hundred fiftieth, Two hundred fifty-first and Two hundred fifty-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred eighty-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifty-third, Two hundred fifty-fourth, Two hundred fifty-fifth and Two hundred fifty-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred ninetieth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred fifty-seventh, Two hundred fifty-eighth, Two hundred fifty-ninth and Two hundred sixtieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred ninety-first Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-first, Two hundred sixty-second, Two hundred sixty-third and Two hundred sixty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred ninety-second Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-fifth, Two hundred sixty-sixth, Two hundred sixty-seventh and Two hundred sixty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred ninety-third Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred sixty-ninth, Two hundred seventieth, Two hundred seventy-first and Two hundred seventy-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred ninety-fourth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventy-third, Two hundred seventy-fourth, Two hundred seventy-fifth and Two hundred seventy-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred ninety-fifth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred seventy-seventh, Two hundred seventy-eighth, Two hundred seventy-ninth and Two hundred eightieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred ninety-sixth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-first, Two hundred eighty-second, Two hundred eighty-third and Two hundred eighty-fourth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred ninety-seventh Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-fifth, Two hundred eighty-sixth, Two hundred eighty-seventh and Two hundred eighty-eighth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred ninety-eighth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred eighty-ninth, Two hundred ninetieth, Two hundred ninety-first and Two hundred ninety-second Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the One hundred ninety-ninth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninety-third, Two hundred ninety-fourth, Two hundred ninety-fifth and Two hundred ninety-sixth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.
A Member of Assembly for the Two hundredth Assembly District of Milwaukee County, consisting of the Two hundred ninety-seventh, Two hundred ninety-eighth, Two hundred ninety-ninth and Two hundredth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.

Wisconsin State Organization Department

CARL D. THOMPSON, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis., state organizer; to whom news and other matters for this department should be sent.

PHILLIPS—A letter received from the secretary of the Price County Fair admits Comrade Brown's address there was unusually well received. He spoke a second time in the evening.

GREEN BAY—Comrade Joseph writes about the great Red Special meeting there as follows: Over 1,000 people paid an admission fee of 25c to hear Comrade Debs. The audience was enthusiastic at all times, applause was frequent and genuine, and everyone left with a desire to hear more and learn more of this great movement.

The local cleared about \$75 on the meeting.

We are going to challenge the Republicans and Democrats to a joint debate on the issues of the day. Of course we do not expect them to accept, but will put it up to them in a form which will give the impression that they are afraid of us, as they really are. The local papers have entirely changed their attitude within the past few months, and both gave us very full notices before the Debs meeting, without charge.

The primary election showed surprising strength in our vote, 115 Social-Democratic votes being cast in Brown county. We nominated a full ticket, as previously reported, except for surveyor.

We feel very enthusiastic over the situation in every respect and hope to show a big increase in our vote this fall.

FOND DU LAC—Comrade Sandburg addressed a large audience in front of the courthouse last Thursday evening, and the papers next day gave over a column write-up of the lecture.

Comrade Brown, candidate for governor, is to speak here Oct. 12.

RHINELANDER—Comrade Zander writes: "Comrade W. A. Jacobs spoke here on the street on Sept. 15 to about four hundred people, and held them there for two hours straight. During his speech he was applauded half of the time. Comrade Jacobs is a very forceful speaker and especially good for street speaking. He has brought about six new recruits into the field for service, and it looks as though we will get a great many more."

OSCEOLA—Comrade Bloom writes that Comrade Brown's meeting at Osceola was one of the most effective they have ever had there. The interest is increasing.

PITTSVILLE—As a result of Comrade Jacobs' meeting at Pittsville the other night a new local has been organized with twelve charter members.

GRAND RAPIDS—"Comrade Jacobs is a wonder," writes one of the Grand Rapids comrades, "and no mistake." He spoke for two full hours to an audience of 150 people, and during all this time held their closest attention. Some one undertook to make a disturbance, but one of the aldermen who was present, quickly placed the offender under arrest. This is a little different from what it used to be a few years ago. Grand Rapids wants Comrade Jacobs for return dates if possible.

SUPERIOR—The Duluth Tribune comes out with a splendid write-up of Comrade Harvey Deeb.

Brown's meeting at Eagles hall last week. Comrade Brown was in Superior two days, speaking under the auspices of the trades unions the first day, and under the auspices of the local the second day. Both meetings were splendidly successful.

WALTER THOMAS MILLS—Comrade Mills has been engaged for the following places outside of Milwaukee: At Superior, Monday, Oct. 5; Madison, Tuesday, Oct. 6; Oshkosh, Monday, Oct. 19; Kiel, Wednesday, Oct. 21; Kenosha, Friday, Oct. 23; and Racine, Saturday, Oct. 24. Comrade Mills is one of the most powerful political speakers on the American platform today. We believe that no speaker of any other party can stand for fifteen minutes before the terrific logic and unanswerable arguments which this "little giant" of the Socialist movement uses.

HARVEY DEE BROWN—Our candidate for governor is making a strenuous and wonderfully effective campaign. He is speaking every night, through sunshine and storm, indoors and out, in season and out of season. Comrade Brown has proven to be a tireless and resourceful herald of the new social order.

At Rio he turned his lecture into practical results by organizing a local, collecting the money and sending in the dues for charter.

At Portage a delayed train caused him to miss his first date, but having an open date the day following, he buckled in and arranged for a meeting. In some cases the advertising matter failed to reach the places for Comrade Brown, but nothing seemed to prevent his making good. In every case he took to the street and held successful meetings.

The dates arranged for him for the next two weeks are as follows: Weyerhausen, Saturday, Oct. 3; Prentice, Sunday, Oct. 4; Wauwatosa, Monday, Oct. 5; Sturgeon Bay, Tuesday, Oct. 6; Manitowish, Wednesday, Oct. 7; Michigott, Thursday, Oct. 8; Two Rivers, Friday, Oct. 9; Sheboygan Falls, Saturday, Oct. 10 and Oct. 11; Fond du Lac, Monday, Oct. 12; Kiel, Tuesday, Oct. 13; Oshkosh, Wednesday, Oct. 14; Milwaukee, Thursday, Oct. 15.

SHEBOYGAN FALLS—Comrade Guthrie says: "Comrade Jacobs was the right man at the right time in the right place. For two and a half hours he held an audience that in former days we could not have gotten into a meeting with a yoke of oxen. And even after he had finished talking, they still sat on the curb, at least forty of the young people not yet ready to go home. In the past we have hardly been able to get them to read Socialist literature. But that night I sold about \$2 worth. We hope to give it another push when Comrade Brown comes."

Buy union label goods. Patronize union clerks. Ask for clerks' union store card.

"The Cooperative Commonwealth," by Lawrence Grohman was long ago referred to as Karl Marx interpreted to the Yankee mind. You should have a copy to work with. This office. 1 Paper, 50 cents.

A vote for Debs and Hanford is a vote for humanity!

CHILLY MORNING!

Did You Notice It?

Better get inside of one of those popular Overcoats bearing our label. It's a label of satisfaction—a guarantee of absolute worth. Better take a look now.

And remember that from now until further notice, in our Clothing Department, we will give DOUBLE TICKETS entitling you to a BEAUTIFUL and USEFUL PRESENT.

Plaum Clothing Co.

491-493 ELEVENTH AVENUE
Sellers of Kohn Brothers' Union-Made Clothing

NOON MEETINGS.

The meetings at the factories have been going forward in a very successful way. Twenty-three dates were made during this last week, and a successful meeting held in each case with only two exceptions. Occasionally a factory will shut down at noon unexpectedly, or something else will happen to make a meeting impossible.

Next week we plan to hold five meetings a day, having added Comrade Thomas Feeley to our list for this purpose.

<

To the Man Who Wears Good Clothes



We respectfully submit the following facts for your consideration:
Our clothes contain these "fine points"—
Latest Style
Perfection of Fit
Nobby Pattern
Unexcelled Workmanship
The fact is that, for "looks" and wearing qualities, our clothes are incomparable.
Suits and Overcoats ranging in price from
\$10 to \$22.50

We carry complete lines of Wool Jackets, Sweaters, Sheepskin-Lined Coats, Gloves, Caps, Flannel Shirts and Winter Underwear.

Brueff CLOTHING CO.

Fond du Lac Avenue, Cor. Eighteenth and Lloyd Streets

HUNTING SEASON!

If You Go Fishing You Will Need These Boots. Get Them at Luedke's

If You Go Hunting You Will Need These Boots. Get Them at Luedke's



Men's, \$3.50 to \$7.00 Boys', \$3.00 to \$4.00 Little Gents', \$2.00 to \$3.00

If you are tramping through the woods or marshes these are just what you want. Made of Viscolized Leather and they are damp-proof. THE BEST TO BE HAD FOR THE MONEY.

LUEDKE'S

GEORGE'S

THE UPSTAIRS SHOE STORE

SHOES WITH UNION STAMP

Women's Shoes . . . \$2.00
Men's and Women's . . \$2.50

THIRD FLOOR CASWELL BLOCK

BIJOU
David Higgins in his new American play "Capt. Clay of Missouri," by David and Milton Higgins will be the attraction at the Bijou commencing with matinee tomorrow. The play has just ended a big run at McVickers Theatre, Chicago. The authors have taken a small town in South-Western Missouri for their story, and the time is 1868, when conventions, and not primaries, ruled the nominations. Politics, incidentally, play a strong part in the play, although there are other active elements, horse racing, a baseball game and four love stories so that it cannot be defined as a political drama.

CRYSTAL
At the Crystal next week: Josephine Gassman and Her Picks—singing and dancing act; Veollette and Prof. Old in Telepathy; Carson Bros., acrobats; Tegge-Daniels in a German Comedy, and other big ones.

DEMAND THE UPHOLSTERERS UNION LABEL

On All Upholstered Furniture

YOU CAN GET IT AT THE FACTORY AND STORE OF
GEORGE I. PRASSER & SONS
508-510 National Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

WATCH for the SURPRISE NEXT WEEK!

JOS. LAUER & CO.
CLOTHING
National Avenue—Circle of First Avenue

Shall We Lose This Heritage?

TAKE WARNING OF THE PERIL TO OUR NATIONAL PROSPERITY (so called), INDEED, TO OUR VERY NATIONAL EXISTENCE, WHICH LIES IN FURTHER WASTEFUL DISREGARD OF OUR WANING RESOURCES OF FOREST AND MINE, OF WATER AND SOIL—NOT FOR DOLLAR MEASUREMENT, BUT FOR THEIR ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS ON MAN, WITHOUT WHICH, WE SLOWLY STARVE. ONLY A PART OF OUR ASSIMILATION COMES THROUGH OUR STOMACH. OUR BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY'S BENEFICIAL RELATION TO OUR LIVES, IS BEING DESTROYED BY THE VANDALISM OF THE PROFIT-FOX.

The great desert of Sahara, so singularly like the United States in contour and extent, the geolo-

gist insists was long ago as well wooded and watered as was our American inheritance less than a century ago.



Dells of Wisconsin River—View of sand-bar opposite "the Larks," which now prevents water entering the old river channel, the removal of which will prevent water raising to fill the 20-ft. dam.

gical fact is that, for "looks" and wearing qualities, our clothes are incomparable.

Our energy is being directed by despotic intrigue and legalized privilege, to destroy our beauties of nature for the vulgar greed and waste of ignorant captains of usury. We are following China faster than she is nearing Sahara.

Everyone fortunate enough to experience a temporary sojourn amidst natural scenic delights, recognizes the renewing of strength and spirits that accrues.

Our captains of industry, the coal operator, who is responsible for the terrible kennels in which his imported labor lives, travels with his gains to beautiful parts of France. Mr. Carnegie, whose "enterprise" built dreadful Homestead, finds the scenery about Skibo Castle much more restful. The lumber king leaves the hills he has denuded into piteous ugliness

and waste and takes his family to view the jealously guarded and economically beautiful Black Forest of Germany. The Pittsburgh millionaire finds shelter on the Canadian shore of Lake Ontario.

THE DELLS OF THE WISCONSIN RIVER and Devils Lake are pre-eminently beautiful, and if kept in their natural state of utility, they will prove to be a Godsend to our people who are entitled to their heritage. Their value to man is beyond the measure of gold. To allow a few usury leeches to appropriate them would be nefarious.

Wood is growing a quarter as fast as it is cut. The homestead spring is drying up. The mill stream is shrunken to a slimy thread. The old town dell is torn by storm torrents. The river is beset by bars. The riverside fields have cave into the flood a yard at a time, while the richest of the soil washes into the sea.

WHEREAS, Sworn charges of a most serious nature have been lately presented to the mayor, reflecting on the chief engineer of the fire department of the city, Thomas A. Clancy, alleging among other things graft, petty stealing, subornation of perjury, mismanagement and incompetence, and the extortion or receiving of a collection from the firemen, all of which charges tend to affect the standing of the said department and its chief with the public; and

Wisconsin, to prevent needless disaster, has made a good beginning in acquiring land to protect and maintain the sources of our rivers, and ultimately to conserve the rainfall by nature's sponge-like reservoirs, hills aerated by vegetation. Our rivers must be kept clean. The forester looks at them as a physician looks at your tongue. They cannot be used as an open sewer, because what is filth in water, is food for vegetation, therefore a filthy stream denotes a waste for which mankind becomes impoverished. There is no escape, although the powerful are the last to suffer.

WHEREAS, The said Chief Clancy, instead of asking for a thorough investigation of these definite charges, discharged ten members of the fire department the moment the charges were filed, most of the men being known as fearless and valuable fire fighters, and one of them even being the possessor of a hero medal; and

We have so grown and developed with vegetation as to become inseparable. As the foliage absorbs the poison of our breath and gives it back pure to use again, so do the roots cleanse and make over into fruit, all animal waste. There is a counter balance or automatic exchange of elements between the animal and vegetable under normal conditions, which we must preserve in order to be a healthy people. The sources of spring and well, and brook and river, of flowing sap and pulsing life blood, all run back to the life benediction of the clouds and rays of the sun, all co-operate in nature's own automatic way. And when these economies of beauty are interfered with, we have disease. Hypocrisy and deceit are only forms of debility, mental imbecility and bodily disease, occasioned by devitalizing environment. Burbank says, "We must learn that what we call character is heredity and environment in combination, and heredity being only stored environment, our duty and our privilege is to make the stored environment of the best quality." Characters thus acquired of so many generations within natural environments, have come to love many things

WHEREAS, The entire matter has badly shocked the public and the fire department, stands to suffer by the feeling engendered; therefore

RESOLVED, That this council appoint a committee of three, no two members of which shall be of the same political party, to make a thorough investigation of the charges and report their findings at the earliest possible moment.

Milwaukee County Organization Department

Address all communications to A. J. WELCH, county organizer, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.

DEAD ONES

One way for the old parties to beat the Social-Democrats is to vote a sufficient number of vacant lots and corpses. There are plenty of these on the registration lists now. Accordingly, part of the business of the Social-Democratic party is to cut out these fraudulent names from the registry list before election. This can be done on Oct. 27, if the comrades will follow directions now being sent out to all the ward branches. If we cut down the fraudulent vote of the old parties by three or five thousand names, it will go a long way towards making our hard work in the propaganda effective.

Korch's Hall

A new branch of the party was organized recently at Town of Lake to be known as Branch No. 2. The regular meetings of the branch will be held the first and third Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Oklahoma and Chicago avenues. The officers are: O. Strerath, secretary; J. Spoonholz, treasurer, and M. Strerath, literary agent.

A letter has been printed and will be circulated tomorrow (Sunday) from house to house, asking donations from friends and sympathizers for the campaign fund. Every comrade and sympathizer should do his utmost at once to help along the campaign fund, as we would very much like to cover all expenses of the present campaign and come out of it free of debt.

Comrades Miss Metcalf and Grass are taking hold of the organization of the South Milwaukee and Cudahy branches this week and expect sure results.

DAVIDSON

Direct from its all summer run at the Studebaker theater, Chicago, comes J. M. Allison's tuneful extravaganza, "The Top O' Th' World," and its first performance in Milwaukee will be given at the Davidson on Sunday night. The engagement is for the week with Wednesday and Saturday matinees. Previous to this unusual Chicago run, "The Top O' Th' World" played for

"WARM AS TOAST"

You and your family may keep, And with never a "roast", Whether you wake or sleep— if Your HOME IS SUPPLIED With an



THE STANDARD OF AMERICA FOR OVER SEVENTY YEARS

The basic construction of the Royal Acorn is the two-flue system which has been used for so many years with such excellent results. No coal is wasted in the fire-pot, no heat is wasted in the flue. Through perfect fitting of all doors and dampers, the fire is under perfect control. There is no more frequent cause of untidy heat, unreliable fires and waste of fuel than the slipshod fitting of ordinary base-burners. The ACORN rule is that they must be tight, with large hot-air flues to carry the air through the stove, causing a thorough circulation and a quick, even heat throughout the room. People of taste admire in this stove its beauty of form, its perfect symmetry, and the exquisite finish that makes it suitable for a home of neatness and refinement. It is elegant—not gaudy—and radiates brightness and cheer as well as heat.

REINHOLD BROS

Lisbon Ave. and Twenty-third St.

five months in New York and set a new record there by moving from one theater to another and drawing capacity crowds. With the "sold out" sign displayed at the Studebaker at every performance, "The Top O' Th' World" broke Chicago summer records.

ALHAMBRA
Picturesque and colorful are the three acts of "The Flower of the Ranch." Joe Howard's successful musical play, which comes to the Alhambra Sunday afternoon for a week's run. The foothills of the California mountains form the locale of the play. There are Indians, Mexicans, cow-punchers, ranchmen and Little Flower, an attractive specimen of budding womanhood, beloved by everyone.

STAR THEATER
The attraction at the New Star theater, for one week, commencing Sunday next, will be the Miner and Marion's Famous "Dreamland Burlesques," headed by the well known author-composer-comedian, Dave Marion. Every performer on the roster is a first-class artist, and with a lavish expenditure of money on the mounting and costuming the "Dreamlands" should afford a rare treat to the patrons of the Third street theater.

MAJESTIC
Charles E. Evans, of Evans and Hocy "Parlor Match" fame, assisted by a capable company, heads the vaudeville bill at the Majestic. Clayton Kennedy and Mattie Rooney will be another big feature of the program in their comedy, "The Happy Medium." The bill also presents Harry Foy and Florence Clark; the Murray Sisters; Tony Wilson and Heloise, horizontal bar artists; Amaros Sisters; Frank Whitmore, and Wilard and Bond in "The Battle of Bunko Hill."

EMPIRE THEATER
Buchanan's one-act musical comedy, entitled, "The Outside Inn," heads another good bill at the Empire theater next week. It is a one-act comedy playlet depicting the troubles of a country sheriff when a company of actors becomes stranded in his township. Other acts are the Cycling Zanoras; Edwin George, the juggler; Hughes and Melvin, and Steve Budnick, in illustrated songs.

GAYETY
Replete with new song hits, an entirely new cast, and presenting two up-to-date extravaganzas "The Hasting Show" will open a week's engagement at the Gayety theater tomorrow afternoon. Chief among the many novel features will be Mlle. Aida's living bronze statues. The opening burlesque called "Frolicsome Frolics" will be a new one.

THAT PREMIUM CONTEST.

An Equal Chance for All to Get the \$100 Grand Premium.

There has been rather a delayed start and at the close of last week only 25 comrades were entered with our subscription blank. (We do the collecting in Milwaukee.) Please note that the HERALD office and party office employees are barred out of this contest for premiums. The premiums have been carefully selected for quality and usefulness and are worth an effort. That 3-piece Pan Mohair Parlor Set will be a most welcome, useful and beautiful furniture addition to anybody's home. Not many could raise the money to buy it, but a little hustling in a noble cause will get it. The winner will be doubly proud of it. The second premium will enable some one to get a good practical education in any of 136 different useful lines. The other premiums are useful, high-grade articles—those watches are beautiful and accurate time-piece—14k gold, 25-yr. case and jeweled Elgin movements. The lady's watch has a genuine full cut diamond. They are from Archie Tegmeyer's store at Grove and National ave., and can be seen there. You should see that handsome \$30 rug at Schreiter's Furniture store, 2724 North avenue.

Now, comrades, the HERALD has made this offer because we must have a heavy increase in our circulation, and you should do the work of getting the subscriptions anyway, but surely you will do it since we have so arranged it that you can make good wages at the same time, and get these splendid premiums as well. Don't think you have not a chance to get them—you have—and you will probably be surprised when the awards are made at the comparatively small effort required to win. Start right away and send in a bunch of half-a-dozen, and you will be right up among the leaders.

Rather Sudden!

What? Why, that cold wave—of course—and NO STOVE in the house! Well, don't let this worry you—call on us, *hastily*, and select the RANGE or HEATER needed, and the whole question will be settled.

NEW 1908 PATTERNS

STOVES & RANGES

SOLD AT TEMPTING PRICES

A SAVING OF THIRTY PER CENT ON FUEL by using THE RIGHT STOVE. Ask us how this can be done. We carry a full line of Ranges, Base-Burners, Oil Heaters and Stove Fixings at Bottom Prices.

P. J. LAVIES & CO.

Third and National Avenues The City Exchange Corner

THE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD WILL GIVE AWAY, FREE



First Grand Prize, \$100.00

A magnificent Parlor Set, consisting of one large, heavy-framed Sofa, one handsome Upholstered Rocker, and one large and comfortable Easy Chair. This is such a set as would become the home of a prince of the blood. It is upholstered in a beautiful dark green Pan mohair plush. It must be seen to be appreciated—and it can be seen at the new furniture store of the Fischer Furniture Company.

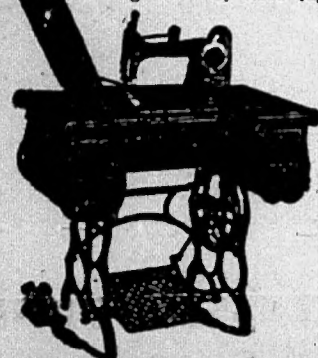
3d Premium, \$60.00



One of the famous Victor Talking Machines, handsome quartered oak cabinet, value \$60. This is the Improved Victor No. 3, using all sized records; exhibition or concert sound-box, beautiful flower horn.

7th Premium, \$25.00

Handsome Cabinet Sewing Machine, value \$25.



2d Grand Premium, \$75.00

A full Scholarship in The International Correspondence School of Scranton, Pa.—worth \$75.00. To be selected by the winner of this prize from the complete list of 136 courses offered by the schools. Here is great opportunity for some young man or woman to get a first-class practical education, such as all young men and women will have the opportunity to get under Socialism.

Eighth Premium \$18.00



Lady's Watch of beautiful style, with gold-filled 20-yr. case; set with full-cut genuine diamond, and fitted with a jeweled Elgin movement and gold hands. This is a lovely present for any lady. The two watches are on exhibition at the jewelry store of Archie Tegtmeyer, Grove St. and National Ave.

4th Premium, \$35.00



A first-class and durable Bicycle worth \$35.00.

6th Premium, \$28

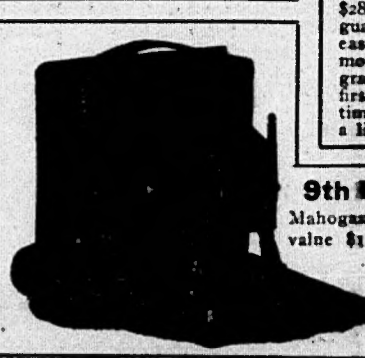


Gentleman's Gold Watch, value \$28.00. This watch has a 25-yr. guaranteed Boss 14k gold-filled case and a 17-jeweled adjusted movement. It is beautifully engraved and in every respect a first-class, durable and accurate time-piece, such as can be used a lifetime.

9th Premium, \$15.00

Mahogany Model 40 Century Camera, value \$15.00; 4x5 size, available for both hand and tripod work—operating for instantaneous, time and bulb exposures.

Any One of These Beautiful and Useful Articles May Easily Be Yours

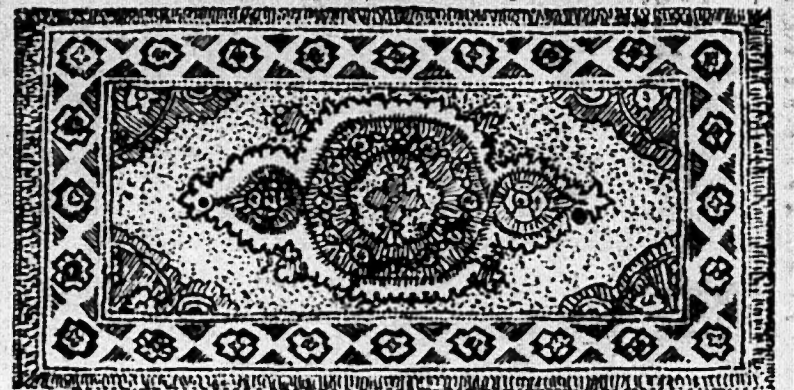


—a \$100 Set of Furniture and Eight Other Splendid Presents, as Extra Premiums, in Addition to a 20c Cash Commission Coupon for Each Yearly Subscription

Comrades, Now Is the Time to Start!

Some have started with a few subscribers only—and it is not too late for you, for there is practically the same chance for all. You can start and catch the leaders next week, if you use a few minutes of your time daily. Get busy and help bring Socialism. See your neighbors TODAY. It is quite likely that small lists will win premiums. (Herald and Party office employees barred.)

Fifth Premium, \$30.00



A very fine oriental pattern high quality Brussels Rug, 9x12 ft. in size—a lovely floor covering for a medium-sized room; value \$30.00.

HERE IS OUR PLAN

We will furnish you with subscription blanks, and you can get your neighbors and shopmates to sign them; then you send or bring them to us and we will book the subscriptions and, within 30 days, our collector will call on the subscribers for the money. You do not have to collect, and that will make it easy for you and easy for the subscribers. (Note—Outside of Milwaukee city the cash must accompany the subscription, as we cannot collect outside of the city.) For every yearly subscription we will issue a coupon good for twenty cents in cash, when the collection is made by us. Just think of it—you get twenty cents for each signature. And you can get a lot of them. They will come easy now in the heat of the political campaign. A few moments of your spare time daily will accomplish a work for Socialism and make you a neat sum of money, and if you put in a few spare hours you can secure a handsome premium besides. Competition, NOT open to Herald office or party office employees. Comrades, get busy and start the subscriptions at once. All have a chance, and you get the cash commission any way. We must have 10,000 more subscribers, and we want them right now, before election. Lose no time, but send for blanks, read the plan carefully and set to work among your neighbors and shopmates. Subscriptions count equally for Herald or Vorwaerts. Two 6 months' subscriptions count as one yearly. Watch this advertisement and the reports of the contest. Who will take the lead through the coming week? Address all communications to Premium Contest Department.

Social-Democratic Herald

344 SIXTH STREET, MILWAUKEE

DAVIDSON

COMING SUNDAY
ALL WEEK—Wednesday and Saturday Matinees—

J. M. ALLISON
Offers the Merry Musical
KIDNAPING

THE TOP O' TH' WORLD

With BAILEY & AUSTIN
and the Cast That Scored
the Great Chicago and
New York Hits

PRICES—Evenings, 25c to \$1.50; Popular Wed. and Sat. Mat., Best Seats \$1

BIJOU

Beginning SUNDAY
MATINEE (Matinees
Wed. and Saturday)

E. B. STAIN OFFERS

DAVID HIGGINS

Direct from McVicker's Theater,
Chicago, in the New American Play

Captain Clay of Missouri

By David and Milton Higgins

A Powerful Remorse of the South-
Western War, and the Story of
the Capture of the Great General Grant
After Prolonged and Bitter Struggle

WEEK OF OCT. 11—Sunday Matinee
The Wonderful Play of
Modern Times

"Sold Into Slavery"

Town Topics by the Town Crier

Now the council has wheeled into line! Both the mayor and the aldermen are shielding the fire chief.

Sheldon, treasurer of the Republican national campaign, is a director in the Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light company. One of the absentee owners of our city!

Politics must be taken out of the fire department, and the law must be changed so that the firemen will not lose what they pay in to the pension fund in case they are removed from duty by a shady chief. The city does not want to be longer the beneficiary of such a hold-up game as that.

"It is about time we keep the Social-Democratic resolutions out of the proceedings," cried "Slippery Joe" Carney at the council meeting, Monday. Of course. The council printed proceedings are sacred to graft resolutions and Beggs resolutions, we suppose.

Milwaukee will turn out en masse this Saturday evening at the West Side Turner hall, Fourth street, between State and Prairie, to consider whether the fire department belongs to an incompetent named Clancy, and to the gangster politicians back of him, or to the people.

Ald. Carney professes to be a great friend of the municipal light proposition. We do not take him seriously. Carney's party controls the council and it is a dead cinch that really dangerous electric light action will be stifled by that party—Slippery Joe's party. It is therefore easy for a Carney to play a grand stand part. He can bluster for a municipal light plant, knowing that it is well to make the people think the Democrats are not a unit on the question, and also knowing that

there is no danger of an electric light plant being built while his nian Rose is running the city for Beggs. The old game.

We hereby move: That all automobiles be geared so as to be incapable of more than a certain speed, and that the city impose a heavy penalty for any owner or user who changes the gearing so as to run at an unlawful speed.

And the same course would be salutary with regard to street cars. It is not enough that you show up at the West Side Turn hall this (Saturday) evening. See that you bring your neighbor. The people must take this fire department scandal into their own hands. The department must be made one in which faithful fire fighters will be assured of honorable treatment and their families given the protection of the pension fund without it being in the power of any shady chief to take it away. The shameful condition of affairs has continued quite long enough.

The Auditorium scandal seems about ready to burst into flame again. Now some of the aldermen have discovered that girders holding the retaining wall of the arena have cracked so that the wall is giving away. Already there is talk of a real investigation—not a Strachota-McKinley whitewash. If an investigation is held it will open other matters and the contractors will have to show why they have not followed specifications in various directions.

The coroner's jury promptly brought in a manslaughter verdict in the case of the negro who killed a boy on Market street with his speeding auto. A just verdict doubtless, but just compare it, if you please, with the prompt verdict of not guilty which the coroner's jury brought in when Dr. Lemon killed a man while speeding his auto on a North avenue bridge a few weeks ago. The explanation is probably to be found in the fact that Dr. Lemon is the company doctor, or the medical and surgical protector, of the street railway company, that has such an interest in having the right kind of a man in the coroner's office.

This is the country, you know, where a poor boy may become president. But it cost Cook \$30,000.00 to run for United States senator at the primaries, and Hat-

West Side Turn Hall Citizens' Protest Meeting TONIGHT

Under Auspices Social-Democratic Party
Saturday Evening, Oct. 3

The Fire Department
Scandal will be Dis-
cussed and Action
Taken.

You Are Invited!

\$28,000.00, while Uncle Ike Stephenson spent so much that he is afraid to have the amount made public and will crawl behind a technicality in the law. It is estimated that he spent close on to a quarter of a million in order to win out! McGovern made a good run, but he spent only \$11,000.00, a good sum in itself, but a mere nothing compared to the money drain of the other fellows. Verily, this is a poor man's country!

Shall the Dave Rose whitewash stand, or shall a grand jury probe into the grave charges against the fire chief? The Rose whitewash was the work of a political desperado, and Milwaukee will have its say at the West Side Turn hall this (Saturday) evening. Don't miss it.

Ald. Grass will have the south side with him in his crusade against the Semet-Solvay company. And he ought to have the support of every citizen who believes in healthful conditions, no matter in what part of the city such person lives. The city has a right to declare a nuisance a nuisance and order its abatement, and the Semet-Solvay people have richly deserved such treatment. The wonder is that the people have stood the fearful stench as long as they have. There is only one explanation of this. The

company's plant is located on the South Side, where the people have been used to getting the worst of things for years, and have lost some of their grit.

Did It "Fall Dismally!"

It was Ald. Biersbach who moved at Monday's council meeting to refuse to receive Ald. Weiley's resolutions seeking to find out why the regularly filed charges against Chief Clancy had been whitewashed by the Mayor. Both Ald. Biersbach and Chief Clancy were indicted by the grand jury. Being birds of a feather, one would be likely to stand by the other. That is expected, and natural. BUT—what is somewhat surprising is the fact that the Biersbach motion was passed by 21 votes. This means that all the REPUBLICANS except two (Stern and Walter) VOTED TO PROTECT DAVE ROSE'S WHITEWASH.

The Republican aldermen so voting were: Fass of the Sixth ward, McKinley of the Seventh ward, Tarrant of the Sixteenth ward, and Braun of the Fifteenth ward. These fine gentlemen will have some explaining to do in the future!

Grave charges affecting an important city officer had been made. The council is in charge of the city government. The aldermen are chosen by the people to represent them in guarding the city government and in keeping it straight, but Monday's incident shows that beside the Dave Rose gang there are four Republican aldermen ready to screen a fire chief charged with grafting!

Such aldermen will bear watching! The Sentinel says gleefully that the attempt to have the Clancy charges investigated "proved a dismal failure." On the contrary the Welley resolution succeeded in showing up the grafting sentiments of the aldermen in a most striking way.

GAYETY

LEADING BURLESQUE HOUSE

HASTINGS' BIG SHOW

Fun Hits
Song Hits
Girl Hits
The Loudest Laugh
in Town
A 45 Show—40 People
No Increase in Prices
The Only House in the City Playing
"BIG EASTERN WHEEL SHOWS"

Christian Socialist Fellowship.

The monthly meeting of the Fellowship will be held as usual at the Ethical building, on Jefferson street, one block north of Court-house.

Muskego Avenue Celebration.

The program for the celebration Saturday evening will include speaking by Theodore Otjen, Ald. E. T. Melms and Commissioner Jansen. The industrial parade will assemble on Mitchell street east of Muskego and start at 9 p. m. The automobile parade will start at 9:45. The machines will assemble on Lincoln, west of Forest Home avenue. The comic parade will assemble at Forest Home and Muskego avenues and start at 10 p. m.; \$100 will be given in prizes. The judges will be S. Hagen of the Sunday Times, Geo. Nuesse of the Journal, Val. Bickert of the Germania, L. Kotecki of the Kurjer Polski, and J. C. Kramer of the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD. Cos. D. and K. of the national guard will take part.

GIVEN AWAY.

A free hat, pants, sweater, shirt, necktie, muffler, suspenders, etc. Not a bad sort of a present just now

ALHAMBRA

ALL NEXT WEEK

The Big Musical Success

The Flower of the Ranch

Book, Lyrics and Music by JOSEPH E. HOWARD

SPLENDID CAST UNEQUALLED CHORUS DELIGHTFUL SONGS

PRICES—Evenings, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c; Matinees, 10c, 25c, 50c

when times are hard, is it? Especially when it is to be had so easily. Well, that is what The Plum Clothing Co., 491-493 Eleventh avenue, is going to give away at the Muskego avenue celebration, Saturday evening, October 3, 1908.

Arrangements have been made to distribute 3,000 numbered cards from their wagon, of which 50 will be prize winners. Be sure to catch one or more of them, and compare the number with the winning numbers exhibited at their show window.

EMPIRE THEATRE

MITCHELL ST. bet. 6th & 7th Aves.

Another Big Show, Headed by

Buchanan's One-Act Musical Comedy

THE OUTSIDE INN

A Scream from Start to Finish

5 OTHER BIG ACTS

Two Shows Daily, 7:45 and 9:15 P.M.

Sunday Matinees at 2:30 and 4:15

THE NEW STAR

Matinee DAILY

Commencing Sunday, Oct. 4

Dreamland Burlesquers

With DAVE MARION, Presenting

"THE RED MOON"

Added Attraction—LOUIE RICE, the

Reincarnation of SALOME

NEW PRICES

MATINEES, 10c-15c-25c

EVENINGS, 10c-20c-30c

NOT JAN. HIGHER

CRYSTAL

DAILY at 2:30

WEEK OF OCTOBER 3

Josephine Gassman

Singing and Dancing Act

Admission 10c Reserved Seats 20c

AND HER "PICKS"

REAL ESTATE

IS THE BEST INVESTMENT IN THE WORLD!

Buy where the ground must increase in value. The lots we are offering in Washington Park Subdivision No. 2 have all the requisites that make a successful investment. Close to car line, factories, stores and schools. Paragon prices—\$5.00 monthly payments. Located between Port Washington Road and Green Bay Ave., south of Lake St. Take Lindrum Park car of the Milwaukee-Northern to Seventh and Mill Streets (3c fare) or take Third Street line. Agents on grounds Sunday. Office open Monday evenings. Send your name and address on a post card and we will mail you absolutely free of charge, literature concerning real estate in general and Washington Park Subdivision No. 2 in particular.

217 West Water St. **RICHARDS** 217 West Water St.

Remember that in buying these lots you are getting the most for your money, for spending it.

\$5 MONTHLY \$5